# Stamoard

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CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JANUARY 10, 1895.

WHOLE NUMBER, 30

AT THE DEPARTMENT STORES OF

### HOLMES MERCANTILE

We shall offer extra inducements to buyers in all departments, for cash, as a prefer at this season of the year to reduce our stock to as low a point as saible before invoicing; besides we are anxious to turn as many goods as we in into money during this month. So come and see us. It will pay you well matter if you have to drive twenty miles. Our prices are eye openers to apetitors. Remember we keep everything.

### CLOTHING DEPT.

e offer all overcoats in men's, boy's and children's sizes at one-fourth off.

mentile we offer a good many children's 2-piece suits at \(\frac{1}{2}\) price. One lot of m's suite at \(\frac{1}{2}\) off. One lot of pants at \(\frac{1}{2}\) off. Every suit and every pair of its wifi be sold at a reduction during this sale. Good blue overalls see, Men's lined coats at \(\frac{1}{2}\) off. Gloves and mittens marked down. Caps \(\frac{1}{2}\) off.

Goods Dept.—Every piece of Dry Goods at 1 off regular prices.

e reserved. Not a piece changed. Dress goods are cheaper than we ever
ed them before. Broadhead single width goods for 18c. Do not fail buy one of the best goods made to wear. In ginghams every plece uding staple checks, etc, goes at 1 off. In shirtings, now is the time to y for next summer. 121c goods at 10c. All 121c outings for 10c. All red nels and shirting flannels at \ off. Ticks, denims, cot tonades, all at reduced ices. Best feathers at 50c per pound. Shirting prints at 3 3-4c, worth 5c. digo blue prints, 5c, worth 6c. Coehceo prints at 5c, worth 7c. 125 lbs. white carpet warp at 15c per lb, worth 20c. Special prices on table linen d napkins. \$1.25 bed spreads at \$1.00. Bargains in towels and crash. Our h at 10c is the best in the market at that price. Ladies, Misses and Childn's underwear all to be sold at reduced prices. Bargains in wool hosiery, over and yarn mittens. Hrown and bleached cotten at prices lower than you er saw. We offer all of our shoes in men's, misses' women's and children's a discount of from 10 to 25 per ce ut on each pair. Our prices on rubbers, handicapped by the interference, as the closing session of the present congress is,

oak Dept.—We have in our cloak department, ladies' fur capes, ladies' she capes, ladies' cloth capes, ladies' jackets, ladies' paletots, misses jackets, sees' newmarkets, childreg's newmarkets and ladies plush cloaks which we er at 1 off. We have a few old garments, you may have one for a dollar. stances of the case be devoted to little doubt. more than the perfunctory work of pass. We may have one for a dollar.

lanket Dept.—25 white bed blanket at 50c. 10 pair white ted blankets 66c. 10 pair white bed blankets at \$1.00. All wool blankets at † off. res blankets, all at reduced rates.

rpet and Curtain Dept. We shall offer during this sale an all it doesn't seem to wake much of an echo. of two-ply carpet for 40c per yd. Cheaper grades in proportion. Come It is hardly to be expected that a reform

# H.S. Holmes Mercantile Co. KNOW ALL MEN

That C. E. Whitaker is prepared to sell Coal Heat-

Wood ok Stoves at lower

r offered before,

prices as to astoneps the finest line



Heating Stoves and prices than they were In fact-will make such ish you. of axes and saws at

the lowest prices to be found in Chelsea. Sewing Machines cheaper than ever. Sewing Machines re-

paired, and satisfaction guaranteed.

### WHITAKER



AGOOD BUSINESS IDEA.

THE LEWIS ACCIDENT POUTATE

SHOE (MEN) You are insured for 90 days against accidents by buying these 3.00 shes. For SALE AT R. A. Snyder's.

ou have any

### Laundry Work,

at you want done, d us word at once we will call and get it.

Respectfully,

STEAM LAUNDRY, S. A. MAPES PROP.

WASHINGTON LETTER

The time of the meetings of congress is incongruous. A new congress should convene early in January. But under the present system it comes to W ton nearly a year later. Several a have been made to work a reform in this matter. Yet, although everybody appears to admit the absurdity of the custom, there are difficulties in the way of consolidating public sentiment in favor of the change, which will doubtless require considerable time and arduous effort to overcome. Bills have been introduced in congress providing for its meetings early in January and early in March, but for some reason or other these measures have been unable to secure proper consideration, and congresse come together and dissolve, as for the past hundred years, without more than some merely individual effort to remedy the serious defect of the existing sche-

The object to be obtained is to bring is supposed to represent, instead of permitting an interval of thirteen months or more to elapse between times; The present plan brings another congress into being, representative of wholly distinctive closing session of the present congress is goes, to all practical intents and purposes ing appropriation bills. Every once in a while some expression of opinion is heard, in the nature of wonder, that such a condition of things should continue, but of such importance can be taken up and disposed of this winter, but it must be done some time. The first session of congress could pass the necessary legislation, if it were so disposed, and it were wise to begin an agitation in advance, and keep it up vigorously until congress and the country, can be made to understand clearly the necessity for the imperative Other cities besides Washington have

their Vanity Fair, official and otherwise, but Washington alone has a diplomatic corps. This distinguishing feature the capital hugs to its bosom; it makes it feel its kinship to Paris and London. When it contemplates the representatives of the nations of the earth assembled within its gates, it smiles at the provincialism of the society of other towns. The diplomats and legation men generally are so orna-He also mental. The air of elegant leisure prevading them, even on the streets, is beautiful and refreshing, in contrast with the hustling American business man. And now is the time of the day of days, when the public of Washington has the privilege of seeing these foreign representative-I may be irreverent to say it-in their war paint. For on New Year's Day, the president of the United States receives the diplomatic corps offically, and each member of it comes in full splendor of court or official dress to greet the chief executive. Very early in the day, the space about the White House commences to fill up with a varied assortment, in colors white and black of the great democratic public, anxious to catch a glimpse of the show. It was Gen. Washing ton himself, who first made New Year's an official day. The custom was borrowed from the Dutch and the Huguenots. and is said to have pleased Washington very much. The first president was tickled at the new idea enough to say, it is reported, "Whatever change takes place, never forget this cordial and cheerful observance of New Year's Day." And for one hundred and four years it has not been forgotten at the capitol of the na-

> The talk of an early extra session of the fifty-fourth congress has been revived by the contingencies which may arise growing out of the failure of necessary legis. lation to pass at the present session. Upon two pending bills, it is generally believed, hangs the question of whether

rying the income tax into effect, and which is pending in the senate, and the Carlisle currency bill, which is under denate in the house. The opponents of the income tax, led, it is believed, by a curious combination of Senators Hill and Quay, will make a desperate fight in the enate, and will exhaust every parliamentary expedient to defeat it. The currency bill offered by the administration as a mean of partially relieving the treas ury, is regarded as of paramount importance. The condition of the treasury is critical. The gold reserve is dwindting rapidly, and another bond issue is regarded as inevitable if nothing is done to prevent the present drain of gold. Should Mr. Cleveland call an extra session he will be the second president since the war to convoke congress in extraordinary session twice during his term of office.

For the Young Folks.

Many people undoubtedly think that the matter of committing matrimony is but an easy thing to accomplish. All one has to do is to secure every new congress into closer and more the price of a license, go before the mmediate contact with the people by county clerk and secure his permit and whom it was elected, and whose views it then call on the parson in order to complete the job. Those who are building their matrimonial castles on that flimsy foundation, however, are very much mistaken.

If the thing is properly done the would-be groom who applies for a license to wed, must have at his tongue's end the family genaology of his intendout of existence, yet holds another full ed and must also know his own pedisession which can from the very circum- gree beyond the peradventure of a

We make the statements herein contained for the purpose for aiding those contemplating matrimony as we are informed by the officials that very many applicants appear in search of licenees who are not in the least qualified to answer the questions which the law requires of them, and consequently the application is defective.

The statute requires that the applicant give his age at last birthday, residence, birthplace, occupation, tather's name, mother's maider name, and also make the same statement in relation to the woman he is intending to marry.

He must further make oath according to his best knowledge and belief there is no legal impediment to the consummation of the marriage contract between the parties.

As to what constitute legal impediments, the following from Howell's Annotated Statues covers the ground: Every male who shall have attained the full age of eighteen years, and every female who shall have attained the full age of sixteen years, shall be capable in law of contracting marriage, if otherwise competent.

No man shall marry his mother, grandmother, daughter, granddaughter, stepmother, grandson's wife, son's wife's grandmothers, wife's daughter wife's granddaughter, nor his sister, brother's daughter, sister's daughter, father's sister or mother's sister.

No woman shall marry her father, grandfather, son, grandson, stepfather, grandmother's husband, daughter's husband, granddaughter's husband, husband's father, husband's son, husband's grandson, nor her brother, brother's son. sister's son, father's brother or mother's brother.

No marriage shall be contracted while either of the parties has a former wife or husband living, unless the marriage with such former wife or husband shall have been dissolved.

No insane person or idiot shall be capable of contracting marriage.

The directors of the Washtenaw County Agricultural Society elected at their annual meeting: Fred Braun, Jacob Ganzhorn, J. C. Schenck, Wm. Aprill, Eugene J. Helber, John Kappler, Fred H. Belser and Fred Schmid. Mr. Cleveland will convoke the new congress soon after the death of the fifty third on March 4. Those two bills are the urgent deficiency appropriation bill responding secretary; F. H. Belser, which contains the appropriation for carticles.

The officers for the ensuing year are Emery E. Leiand, president; F. E. No. 3—Express and Mail 9:17 a. m. No. 13—Grand Rapids 6:30 p. m. No. 7—Chicago Express 10:52 p. m. O. W. Ruggers, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt. Wm. Martin, Agent.

### Our Roasted Golden Rio Coffee

Please You. Will Try it.

The best on the market, 28c per lb.

A good pencil tablet at 3c each. Lead pencils 5c por doz. 24 lbs. gran. sugar \$1.00. 28 lbs brown sugar for \$1.00.

Best crackers 5c per 1b. Select oysters 23c per can. Standard oysters 18c per can. Choice N. O. molasses 25c per gal. Choice sugar syrup 18c per gal. Good canned corn 7c per can. The best 30c tea in Chelsea. Our 25c coffee is fine. Try it. The best syrup you ever tasted 30c.

Choice raisins oc per lb. 3} lbs California prunes for 25c. Choice layer figs 15c per lb. Choice Florida oranges 20c per doz. Fancy citron, orange and lemon peel, Purest spices and everything in the

grocery line. 31 Sultana raisine for 25c. 7 bars laundry soap for 25c. Electric kerosine oil 7c per gal.

### Armstrong & Co.

D McCOLGAN.

Physician, Surgeon & Accorden Office and residence second door outh of South street, on Main. Office hours 3 to 6 p. m. MIOH.

M A. CONLAN,

DENTIST.

Office over Glazier's Drug Store.

CHELSEA,

MICH.

PERATIVE, PROSTHETIC AND Ceramic Dentistry in all their wife, grandson's wife, wife's mother, branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and local anasthetics used in extracting. permanently located. H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.

Office over Kempf Bros.' Bank

TRANK SHAVER.

Propr. of The "City" Barber Shop. In the new Babcock Building Main street.

CHELSRA.

MICH.

CEO. W. TURNBULL

Having been admitted to practice as Pension Attorney in the Interior Department, is now prepared to obtain pensions for all ex-soldiers, widows. etc., entitled thereto. None but legal fees charged.

### MIGHICAN BUTRA

"The Niagara Falls Route." Time Card, taking effect, Nov. 18, 1894. TRAINS EAST:

No.8—Detroit Night Express 5:10 a.m. No. 12—Grand Rapids 10:35 a.m. No. 2—Express and Mail 3:19 p. m.

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher. HELSRA, . - MICHIGAN

### SHOT IN HIS TRACKS

CHICAGO OFFICER KILLED BY CORNERED BURGLARS.

Burrows Captures the Michigan Plum -Great Loss of Life Across the Atlantic-Cleveland and Hill Start Washington Gossip-Asylum Burned

Killed by Thugs.

While trying to arrest two burglars, who had just attempted to take a life, Patrolman Edward Duddles, of Chicago, was shot and instantly killed Thursday night. The men accused of the crime are Ed Lally and Joseph Carey, members of the notorious gang that infests Market street and the tough North Side district known as "Little Hell." If the policemen who obey Inspector Schaack's orders carry out the mandate issued by him as soon as he learned one of his men had been killed while in the performance of his duty the murderers will be "brought in" on a stretcher. Fifty officers were detailed on this man-hunt and they practically were told to kill on sight.

Fearful Transatlantic Storms A London dispatch says: It has now been ascertained that 322 fishermen belonging to Hull, Grimsby and Yarmouth were lost in the recent gale. The gales caused immense damage on the Island of Heligoland. Part of the town was washed away. The Berlin Minister of Public Works has gone to examine into the condition of affairs. Snowstorms prevail throughout Europe. The heaviest fall has been in Silesia, where railway traffic is partly suspended. In Italy there are high walls of snow on each side of the streets. Many deaths from freezing are reported.

Cleveland and Hill Dine.

David B. Hill crossed his legs comfort-Grover Cleveland Thursday night. What brought it all about is more or less of a mystery, but the fact remains at the first state dinner of the season, given in honor of the Cabinet by the President of the United States, the most observed of all observers was the Senator from New York, whose attitude toward the President for the last two years has been a household word from the Atlantic to the

Anna Asylum Burns.

The main building of the Illinois Southern Hospital for the Insane burned Thursday night at Anna. The loss will be \$300.-000. The fire originated in the roof of the center section, where the officers are quartered. The hospital fire department fought manfully. The Cairo fire department went upon a special train. Five hundred patients were quartered in the building, but they were removed to an adjoining building. No lives have been lost so far as known.

Burrows Goes Up Higher.

The joint caucus of the Republican members of the Michigan Legislature upon the short term United States Senatorship took place in Representative Hall Thursday night. Julius Cesar Burrows, the Kalamazoo Congressman, was chosen on the second ballot, receiving 70 of the 131 votes, Olds being second with 32, and Patton third with 25. On the first ballot Burrows received 64, Olds 32 and Pat-

### NEWS NUGGETS.

Seaboard value of the Utah mining out. put last year was \$11,500,000.

The Rev. Thomas A. Hughes, a priest at the St. Louis University, has been summoned to Rome to work in the Vatican

Judge Nathan Goff declares that he is not a candidate for United States Senator from West Virginia. This insures the election of Steve Elkus.

A boy named Fred Roem has confessed to the murder of Ed Severson at Medora, N. D. He says he was forced to do it by Mark Wadsworth, who owed Severson

In a collision at Yorktown, Ind., Engineer W. A. Shull was killed and Engineer Charles Sutton and Foremen Henry Hurst and Joshua Walsh were seriously

Thirty-five bodies have so far been taken from the ruins of the public hall at Silver Lake, Ore., which burned Christmas eve, and identified. Nine others are fatally and five seriously injured.

Obituary: At Yonkers, N. Y., Joseph Webb Hambleton, an old resident of Chicago, 67 .- At Chillicothe, Mo., Capt. H. B. Seeley.-At Virginia, Ill., Mezer Slowell, 83.—At Bower, Ill., Theodore Routh.

At El Paso, Texas, more than \$10,000 worth of diamonds and other jewelry was taken from the store of Hickox & Nixon was left in the house, but not a cheap watch was disturbed.

Obituary: At Davenport, Iowa, James Thompson, 68; at Philadelphia, Dr. James F. Rhoads, ex-president of Bryn Mawr College, 67; at Richmond Center, Wis. Rev. John Walworth, 90; at Racine, Wis. W. John Adams; at New York, Mrs. Phoebe Lord Day.

The Cincinnati Price Current summarizes the crop situation for the past week as follows: "A large portion of the winter wheat area has been favored with snow, giving protection and beneficial moisture. The general outlook is assuring. The offerings of wheat are generally light, with decreasing tendency. There have been fair offerings of corn, with probable early decrease. Wheat feeding med, but is maintaining previous estimates. The week's packing of hogs was 225,000, the same as for the corresponding week a year ago."

#### BASTERN.

Rossman, Jr., bookkeeper of the River National Bank, Hudson, N. Y., has been arrested, charged with

The horrors of the Delavan House fire by and the list of persons reported miss-ing is increased to seventeen. Storekeep-er Bronk and Chief Chef Tomasnia said that there could be no doubt that all of the missing met their doom in the fire.

The candidacy of the several men for he speaker of the New York Assembly received a startling baptism of fire Sunday night at Albany, for the Delavan House, that famous hostelry known from Maine to California, the Mecca of politicians and the center of all big State polit ical events for forty years, was compl y destroyed. Several persons were fatal-

The railroad coal operators and miners of the Pittsburg district had a joint convention at Pittsburg to decide on a uniform mining rate. The business of the meeting was lost sight of in a sensational attack made by Col. W. P. Rend, of Chicago, on John Burns, the English socialist, and Editor Stead, who wrote a book about Chicago. Under ordinary cir-cumstances the Colonel's remarks would have been applauded, but as Mr. Burns had been invited to a seat in the convention as a courtesy the matter was smooth-

Fire destroyed the three-story brick block at the northeast corner of Broadway and Fillmore avenue, Buffalo. The building was owned by John Binghamton, and occupied by Eckhardt & Co., Oswald Tinkler and Charles Weisman as stores. The fire spread over the whole block and across Broadway to the threestory brick block extending from Fillmore avenue to Gibson street. The loss will reach \$300,000. Owing to frozen hydrants it was thirty minutes before the firemen could turn a stream of water on to the flames.

At Keene, N. H., a sleigh containing Charles Brooks, aged 60 years; his daughter Ada, aged 25; and Louis Bergeron, aged 15, was struck at the Water street crossing by the north-bound passenger ably beneath the hospitable mahogany of train from Boston on the Fitchburg railcoad Tuesday night, killing them all. The bodies were thrown over 100 feet beyond the crossing. The crossing is not guarded by a flagman or gates. The Lehigh Valley passenger train No. 134 from Geneva Tuesday night struck a sleigh a half-mile east of Willard, N. Y., containing Mrs. Hughes, her son, and Miss Larkin of Ovid, and all the occupants were killed.

> adjourned at New York subject to the call of the chair. Just as he was through answering Mr. Goff's questions, Superintendent Byrnes handed a letter to Chairman Lexow and said that it was a copy of one that he had sent to Mayorelect Strong early in December. It was his resignation from the force, of which he has been a member for the last thirtytwo years. The superintendent said the department was honeycombed with abuses, which had been growing for thirty years and they could only be remedied by radical legislation. Local politicians, he claimed, were the curse of the department, and as long as politics was a factor in the force such a state of things would exist.

### WESTERN.

Congressman-elect Edgar Wilson of Idaho is dangerously ill.

Peter Costeno shot and killed himself at Toledo, Ohio. Despondency was the cause.

Mayor Eustis at Minneapolis has signed the resolution authorizing the issuance of \$200,000 in bonds for work on the reservoir system.

The body of Stephen Glass, stolen from the cemetery at Greenwood, Ind., was found in the dissecting-room of Indiana Medical College.

Henry C. Lewis, of St. Louis, Mo. aged 20, a student at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology at Boston, class

of '96, committed suicide. Gilbert Jameson, one of the oldest residents of Norwalk, Ohio, was blown by

the gale from the Lake Shore bridge at Huron and disappeared beneath the waters of the river. Leadville, Col., local detectives located

Gertie Reims, a 16-year-old girl, who ran away to go on the stage. She worked in Denver and Kansas City and finally went to Leadville. Here she donned boy's clothing and got a position as call boy at a big mine, and it was there the detectives located her.

Two Sticks, the noted Sioux Indian murderer, for whose reprieve many efforts have been made in vain, was hanged at Deadwood, S. D., on Friday. The crime for which Two Sticks was hanged was the murder of Emanuel Bennett. Rodney Royce, James Bacon and Willlam Kelley at Humphrey & Stringer's eattle ranch, on the Sioux reservation, Feb. 4, 1893.

Just at midnight Tuesday as the "Owl" suburban on the Northwestern reached the Deering depot, Chicago, it ran through Tuesday. Not a valuable stone or watch an open switch into a freight standing on a side track. The tender of the passenger engine crashed into the first coach, badly injuring five passengers. The collision knocked the freight from the track, and half a dozen cars fell onto the depot, partly wrecking it.

General Manager W. P. Robinson General Attorney M. A. Reed, Superintendent A. M. Morey, Engineer F. Howe and Attorney Cessna, all of the St. Joseph and Grand Island Railway, had a narrow escape from death near Edgar, Neb., by the burning of the general manager's private car Nemaha. The fire was caused by the explosion of an oil stove. Every one of the officials was nearly suffocated and had to be taken though the windows of the ear. All their clothing and the car

ntful history of this remarkable play not that it is in itself so very remark ble, but in the many epochs it has marke The present revival marks another epo The Athos Family of acrobats, whos marvelous feats have astonished all Eu ope, are seen here for the first time; the tion, as has also the Tommy Atkins bal-let, led by Allie Gilbert, the "Carline," and Sam Collins, the "Greppo" of the play. All the faces in the company are w, the 'Stalacta" is Miss Letta Mere dith, the premieres are M'lle Jole Tor-naghi and M'lle-Staccioni, and Sig. Alfredo Biancifieri. The scenery and the costuming are all new. In short, the production may be called "The New Black

At Silver Lake, Lake County, Ore while a large party was attending holiday festivities, a lamp exploded and set fire to the building. Forty-one persons were burned to death and fifteen injured. A large crowd had assembled in Christ-man Brothers' hall to attend the festival. While the merriment was at its height ome one climbed on a bench, from which point he expected to get a better view of what was going on. In doing so his head struck a lamp hanging from the ceiling, overturning it. The oil immediately caught fire and everything in the room being dry and of an inflammable nature the room was soon a mass of flames. Some one shouted: "Shut the door and keep quiet; it can be put out." By this time the confusion was so great that people began scrambling in a wild endeavor to reach the door. Women and children were trampled under foot, and as there was only one exit to the hall and the fire being between the majority of the crowd and the door many rushed headlong into the flames. Silver Lake is a village of about 100 inhabitants, and it is 150 miles from the nearest telegraph office.

Bart Scott, defaulting treasurer of Holt County, Nebraska, is reported to have been hanged Monday night by vigilants. There are many rumors affoat in regard to Scott's disappearance, and some believe that Scott has been disposed of, that he has been either hanged or his body weighted and dropped into the Niobrara River in the quicksands. Others believe that it is only a ruse for Scott's escape and that he has fled to parts unknown, while a few think that Scott's own friends have put him out of the way to keep him from telling on them. Barrett Scott, while serving his second term as treasurer of Holt County, Nebraska, about eighteen months, disappeared from his home in O'Neill. He was traced to Mexico and a long fight ensued over bringing him back to the States. The Saturday night the Lexow Committee Holt County Sheriff first came back without him, and after a long delay he was brought home. He was arraigned and convicted of stealing \$70,000. The county sued his bondsmen, but Aug. 29 the District Court decided that Scott and not his bondsmen was responsible. Scott was out on bail. The case has attracted much attention all over the whole West.

### SOUTHERN.

Doss Hatts murdered his fiance, Lizzie Smith, at Hunter Hill, Ala., and then killed himself.

Three children of Mrs. Viola Kemp, left alone in their home near Rome, Ga., were burned to death.

At New Orleans the cases against Lavigne and others connected with the contest in which Bowen was killed were dismissed.

The women's council of the Nineteenth Century Club, of Memphis, Tenn., voted to boycott Congressman Breckinridge's

Expert accountants have discovered that Lexington, Ky., was robbed of \$14,-736 during J. H. Davidson's term as city collector.

The First Baptist Church at Chattanooga, Tenn., the handsomest in the South, was damaged by fire to the extent

Texas will be 50 years old in the spring of 1896, and preparations have already been commenced for a celebration of the birth of the State.

Peter Murdock, a motorman on the Carrollton street car line at New Orleans, fatally shot his wife and then blew out his own brains with a revolver.

At Wilson, N. C., a bomb was exploded in the middle of the town. A number of houses were shaken and the Church of the Disciples of Christ was damaged.

The Rev. Sam Small's paper, the Norfolk Pilot, is threatened with a libel suit by the American Book Company because of a statement regarding the manner in

which Virginia contracts were secured. A sawmill boiler exploded at Bonayr, Kyarkilling five men and battle of the several more. The names of four of the killing five men and badly scalding dead are Bird, Fann, Derring and Shark. The mill was the property of Hard Derring and was almost totally destroyed.

### WASHINGTON.

Congressman McEttrick declares that he will press his bill for the creation of a department of commerce.

Secretary Carlisle has issue a call for 2,362,000 bonds issued to the Central Pacific, commonly known as currency 6s. Ex-Secretary of State John W. Foster has consented to go to Japan to aid the Chinese representatives in bringing about

Annual meetings of the Associated Historians of America, the American Folk Lore Society, the American Society of Church History and the Jewish His torical Society were held in Washington.

Driven by the inexorable necessity of raising more money with which to meet the current expenses of the Government. allies of the powers that be are about to move for an increase of \$1 a barrel in the tax on fermented liquors. The revenues were destroyed.

A grand revival of Eugene Tompkins' ballet spectacle, "The Black Crook," has taken place at McVicker's Chicago theater. It is hardly necessary to recite the led to \$31,890,000. The annual production of the swollen \$30,000,000 or more by that means. Beer is now taxed \$1 a large that means barrel, and the income from the beer tax for the fiscal year 1893-'94 was \$28,600. The year preceding it amount would be swollen \$30,000,000 or more by that means. Beer is now taxed \$1 a large that means barrel, and the income from the beer tax for the fiscal year 1893-'94 was \$28,600. The year preceding it amount would be swollen \$30,000,000 or more by that means. Beer is now taxed \$1 a large that means barrel, and the income from the beer tax for the fiscal year 1893-'94 was \$28,600. The year preceding it amount western, 38,000. The annual production would be swollen \$30,000,000 or more by that means barrel, and the income from the beer tax for the fiscal year 1893-'94 was \$28,600. The year preceding it amount western, 38,000. The annual production would be swollen \$30,000,000 or more by that means barrel, and the income from the beer tax for the fiscal year 1893-'94 was \$28,600. The year preceding it amount western, 38,000. The annual production was \$20,000. The annual production while the production of the fiscal year 1893-'94 was \$28,600. The year preceding it amount was \$20,000. The annual production was \$20,000. The annual production was \$20,000. The year preceding it amount was \$20,000. The annual production was \$20,000. The year preceding it amount was \$20,000. The year preceding it amount

a of beer in the United States averages is, of which 10 per co or 3,300,000 barrels, is manufactured in Illinois, Chicago being the great cente of production in the State. There was some talk before Congress convened of enlarging the tax on spirits, but this sugstion was frowned upon by the Treas iry Department, as the change comin right on top of the new law would in volve the revenue bureau in inextri-cable confusion and complications, and it was abandoned as inexpedient. Not so with beer, however. That is a simple proposition, the tax business be easily in control.

#### FOREIGN.

To avert a tariff row with the United States, Spain is considering the granting of partial home rule to Cuba.

The German Government has modified its prohibitory decree against American meats so as to admit canned meats.

The British steamer Yozford sunk the French bark Marie Louise. Five of the bark's crew were drowned. Austria, it is said, proposes to join Ger-

many in retaliating on the United States if the sugar duties are not modified Judicial inquiry into the conduct of directors of the French Southern Railway has revealed another financial scandal.

Six thousand Tonghaks were defeated by the Japanese in a four hours' fight at Lai-Juria. The rebellion is practically at an end.

Letters sent to missionaries in Armenia from the headquarters of the American board are opened and examined by Turk-

Another rebellion is threatened in Brazil. The amy, which is devoted to Peixoto, refuses to obey President Moraes' orders, and 200 officers have been impris-

The topic of conversation at the City of Mexico is President Diaz' speech, which is universally applauded in all cir-cles. The general opinion is that Guatemala must be made to satisfy Mexico. A prominent official says that Mexico wants only justice, and if Guatemala wants war it will have to declare it. What is most to the point in Diaz' speech is that he says no useless delays should be allowed in the discussion, and that existing treaties should be respected. The State of Jalisco has now fallen into line and offered all its resources to the Federal Government in case of war with Guate-

#### IN GENERAL

The bark Osseo was wrecked on Holyhead breakwater and the twenty-four persons on board were drowned.

Plates for the printing of facsimiles o WIII DE the secret service if not surrendered.

Bradstreet's reports a decrease of 54,-000 bushels in the available supply of wheat in the United States and Canada.

In an address before the American Economic Association Carroll D. Wright declared the A. R. U. strike to be an epoch-making event.

The Government bond syndicate has dissolved after disposing of but 35 per cent. of the issue. The new currency plan is alleged to have caused liquidation by

The private car of President Booth of the Canada Atlantic Railway recently struck a man near Malone, N. Y., killing him instantly. President Booth has sent \$1,000 to the widow and children.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Commercial failures in 1894, already re ported, number 14,292, against 15,242 last year, with liabilities of \$163,238,404 against \$346,779,889 last year. From these accounts, banks, bankers, financia and transporting companies are excluded Manufacturing failures number 2,756 against 1,422 last year, but liabilities an only \$64,491,287, against \$176,982,09; last year. The trading failures number 11,314, against 11,512 last year,, but liebilities are only \$87,899,657, against \$130,062,333 last year. The statemen by sections shows a decrease of abou two-thirds in defaulted liabilities in the middle and central northern States, one half in the west and southwest, and third in other sections. Holiday trade met expectations. Purchases were numerous, but smaller than usual in amount and more confined to needful articles thus anticipating ordinary trade.

### MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago-Cattle, common to prime \$3.75@6; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.50 @4.75; sheep, fair to choice, wheat, No. 2 red, 53@54c; corn, No. 2 45@46c; oats, No. 2, 28@29c; rye, No. 2, 48@51c; butter, choice creamery, 23@ 231/2c; eggs, fresh, 19@20c; potatoes, car lots, per bushel, 55@65c.

Indianapolis — Cattle, shipping, \$3@ 5.50; hogs, choice light, \$3@4.75; sheep, common to prime, \$2@3.25; wheat, No 2 red, 52@53c; corn, No. 1 white, 43@ 31/2c; oats, No. 2 white, 33@34c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3@6; hogs, \$3@4.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 51@52c; corn, No. 2, 42@43c; oats, No. 2, 291/@301/c; rye, No.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.50@5.50; hoga 54@55c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 43@44c oats, No. 2 mixed, 32@33c; rye, No. 2

Detroit- Cattle, \$2.50@5.50; hogs, \$4@ 1.75: sheep, \$2@3.25; wheat, No. 1 white, 55@56c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 45@46c oats, No. 2 white, 33@34c; rye, No. 2

Toledo-Wheat, No. 2 red, 54@550 corn, No. 2 mixed, 43@44c; oats, No. 2 white, 33@33½c; rye, No. 2, 50@52c. Buffalo—Catrle, \$2.50@5.50; hoga, \$4@ 4.75; sheep, \$2@3.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 57@57½c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 46½@47½c; oats, No. 2 white, 35@36c.

Milwaukee-Wheat, No. 2 spring, 58 58%c; corn, No. 3, 41@42c; outs, No. 2 white, 31@32c; barley, No. 2, 53@55c; rye, No. 1, 49@51c; pork, mess, \$11.00@

#### POOR MAN'S COURTS

SCANT JUSTICE SERVED FROM CHICAGO "SHOPS."

Rockefeller Aids His Pet University-Sad Tragedy in an Ohio Town-Missouri Man's Hug Broke His Wife's Ribs-Oranges Advancing.

Chicago's Justice "Shone." The Chicago Post says: Corruption is almost every form pervades the police justice system of Chicago. The justices themselves may not be guilty of contaminating their hands with base bribes, but the hangers on in these so-called courts are usually men without principle, bent only on getting hold of the money of the unfortunate victims of police justices as ey can seize by means fair or foul Nearly every station in which police court is held has as vicious criminals promit in the proceedings as there are in the cells. The special bailor who robs the wretches who are arrested; the shyster lawyer; the man with a pull, who execious promise of being able to have their punishment mitigated, and last and most dangerous is the man who really has a "pull," who can secure the suspension of fines and who does so for a consideration paid to him by the prisoner. The figures taken from the records in the offices of the city attorney, city prosecutor, comptroller and the various police courts show the amazing disproportion between the fines stayed and the fines collected in police courts in the months of October and November, 1894. Over \$38. 900 fines were imposed, and but \$6,000 More Cash for University of Chicago.

The ninth convocation of the University of Chicago took place Wednesday night at the Auditorium. Those who looked for a donation from Mr. Rockefeller as a result of the recent conference between the university's founder and its chief executive were not disappointed. Mr. Rockefeller's contribution is \$175,-000, to be devoted to the general expense fund for the scholastic year beginning July 1, 1895. This gift, with the income derived from other sources, provides the university with \$600,000 for the expenditures of the year beginning July 1, 1895. Mrs. Caroline E. Haskell, of Chicago, the donor of the Haskell Oriental Museum and founder of the \$20,000 lectureship on comparative religions, announces a third donation of \$20,000 for the founding of a second lectureship on the relations of Christianity to other religions.

California Oranges Going Up. Within the last few days buyers of oranges have been active in San Bernardino, Cal., picking up choice lots at an advantageous price. News of the disaster to the crop in Florida has resulted in an advance from 50 cents a box, heretofore offered in the orchard, to \$1 a box. The growers are much encouraged and are now holding No. 1 seedlings and navel at from \$1.10 to \$1.50 a box. J. E.Pace, orange grower at Sanford, Fla., has assigned for the benefit of his creditors. He s said to have lost \$30,000 by the freeze.

Lovers Skate to Their Death. While Henry Clements and Miss Lillie Deils were skating on the Maumee River, near the Independence, Ohio, dam, Tuesday evening they went into an opening and were drowned before their companions could reach the scene. Clements and a brother of Miss Deils had cut the ice away Monday. The bodies were recovered a half hour later. Clements was 26 years of age and Miss Deils was 21. They were to have been married Wednesday evening.

Ill Result of a Husbandly Hug. John Creamer, of Sedalia, Mo., is a big man with a small wife whom he loves very much. At their home Tuesday night he suddenly grasped her and gave her a rigorous hug with his right arm. Mrs. Creamer lost her breath and when she managed to make an outcry she was assisted to bed. The family physician found three of her right ribs had been broken.

### BREVITIES.

An immense bed of lignite has been discovered in Holmes County, Mississippi. Eighty thousand dollars has been left Monmouth (Ill.) College by Joseph Mathers, of Hudson County, who died recently in California.

Commenting on the report that he is going on the stage Frank James says Le has too much respect for himself and the people to insult their intelligence by going on the stage and playing the role of stage robber. Judge E. Rockwood Hoar, Attorney

General under President Grant, is dying of a disease of the mitral valve of the heart. Physicians who have been summoned in consultation say the end is likely to come at any minute. It is reported that the Governor of Bit-lis, Tanshin Pasha, who commanded the

military operations in the Sassaun district, where so many outrages have been reported, has been assassinated by an Armenian, who committed suicide Supposed murderers of William H.

Price, a prominent citizen of Cleveland who was murdered three weeks ago, have been arrested. They are Charles P. Benz, a coachman; Thomas Grant, a la borer; J. Johnson, a carpenter; and Hen-ry Gruninger, a small merchant.

On the heels of an attempt to rob the Cotton Belt express Monday night near Buena Vista, Ark., an obstruction was placed on the track near the same spot Tuesday night, but was discovered. Two negro boys, 12 and 16 years old, have confessed. They wanted to see a train

A. B. Strump was fatally injured by a fall from a train at Clinton, Iowa.

(the entire complement of prisoners) a caped Monday night by digging throu the outside walls of the corridor, pass, the night in drinking and carousing, an returned to the jail next morning to plete their sentences.

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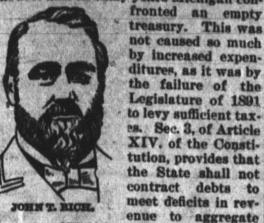
GOV. RICH SAYS CAPITAL HAS THE ADVANTAGE.

inggests the Organization of Corporations of Labor as a Remedy for Strikes-Document Covers Nearly Every Department of the State.

Message of the Governor.

The feature of Thursday's legislative sion was the message of Gov. Rich The Governor appeared at 2 o'clock and was greeted with great applause by the vast audience, consisting of all the Senators, Representatives, Supreme Court indges, State officers and citizens from various parts of the State. The message was not long, occupying about forty minutes in its delivery, and was

in part as follows: Nov. 1, 1893, after the apportionment of the primary school fund was made, for the first time in many years Michigan con-



ditures, as it was by the failure of the Legislature of 1891 to levy sufficient taxes. Sec. 3, of Article XIV. of the Constitution, provides that the State shall not contract debts to meet deficits in revenue to aggregate more than \$50,000 at any one time. This prevision of the Constitution was adopted

more than forty years ago, when \$50,000 represented more than five times that amount does to-day. It would seem to me advisable to provide for so amending the Constitution as with proper restrictions to put it within the power of the State to borrow money in cases of necessity, rather than carry so large a balance. I desire to renew my recommendation of two years ago that if possible some means be devised for the abrogation of old special charters, so that all our railroads may be placed upon the same basis so far as taxation and supervision and other egislation is concerned.

The action of the Legislature two years ago in providing for the one-sixth mill tax laces the State University upon a proper and substantial foundation. With the increased amount charged for thition and a gradual increase of the fund as the valuation of taxable property in the State in-creases will place this institution beyond the need of asking further aid from the slature for years to come. The Michigan Mining School, when age and all things are considered, stands at the head of this class of institutions. It, in the nature of things, is a very expensive school. I would recommend that you take some measures, if possible, without n any way injuring the school, to provide that those having the benefit of it shall bear some portion of the large expense necessary to maintain it.

In the principal State insane asylums there are 3,226 beds and 3,164 inmates, leaving sixty-two unoccupied beds. For ten years past the average annual increase in the number admitted to the State asylums has been about 165, so that there is to-day provision for less than the average number of inmates who would normally be admitted to the asylums within the next six months. The increased accommodations afforded by the new asylum at Newberry might be augmented at a minimum expenditure by enlarging the Home for Feeble-Minded and Epileptic at Lapeer, so the epileptics at present in our State asylums may be transferred to hat institution. Aside from providing for the increase in the number of the insane there does not seem to be any necessity for additional legislation in regard to

Maintenance of State Prisons.

The State Prison at Jackson, State House of Correction and Reformatory at Ionia, and Branch Prison at Marquette, constituting the prisons of the State, continue to be a heavy burden upon the taxble property of the State. The total ost of keeping the 1,306 prisoners, which was the average number for the last two years, was \$644,358. The cost over and above the earnings was \$210,841. The cost at Jackson, where there was an average of 819 prisoners, was 41 cents an inmate a day; Ionia, \$1.08, and at Marquette, \$1.13. At Marquette the executive expenses are comparatively large, as the number of inmates cared for is limitl, and owing to the rigorous climate and distance from supplies, the expense of keeping prisoners there is larger. There must have been something either radicaly wrong in the management at Ionia or the business was run in such a way that large amount of money was lost. The former warden of this institution was renoved for cause. Since the change in wardens there has been a marked reduction in the prices of articles bought, but it is not probable that all the reforms needed have yet been adopted. The State accountant has been ordered to conduct an investigation, and he reports verbally that the system of keeping accounts is imperfect, and that many of the practices there should be changed. It is hoped the law may be amended so as to provide for better methods and much less expense to the State for keeping prisoners. This brings up the question of contract labor. In Jackson prison, where most of the prisoners are on contract, the result is such as to show that had all the men been employed the prison would have been selfting and possibly a little more, and it can hardly be said that there was any erious interference with free labor there. t is clearly shown that contractors of prison labor do not usually make larger profits than those who employ free labor, so that the competition cannot be very severe. No warden, however competent may be, is capable of carrying on sucsafully, in all their details, anywhere
must show a violation of contract and
must be twenty-five different branches
business. It is needless to call
pur attention to the fact that it is not

In case one party to the disagreement
should invoke the aid of this new court
he must show a violation of contract and
an infringement of personal or property
rights, or the court would have no jurisdiction. If any of these things have been

practicable or reformatory to keep pris-oners without labor. It is sincerely hoped no action will be taken to deprive the prison management of the right to con-tract the labor of the prisoners.

Sec. 11 of Art. 5 of the Constitution of Michigan, relative to the duties of the Governor, provides he may grant reprieves, commutations, and pardons after conviction for all offenses, except treason and cases of impeachment, upon such conditions and with such restrictions and limitations as he may think proper, subject to regulations provided by law relative to the manner of applying for pardons. It seems to me that a law should be enacted so as to make it practicable, upon the recommendation of the proper board, that this provision of the Constitution could be carried out literally. It is also desirable that some provision be made, in case of persons sentenced for a term of years, by providing either for the filing of the testimony complete, or of a history of the case, with any aggravating or mitigating circumstances connected therewith in the Executive office to be used in cases where after years have elapsed an application for pardon is made.

Act No. 126, public acts of 1893, entitled "An act to regulate the employment of women and children in manufacturing establishments of this State, to provide for the inspection and regulation of such manufacturing establishments, and to provide for the enforcement of such regulation and inspection" has proven a good one. Upon this act the Commissioner of Labor has appointed factory inspectors, who have inspected more than 400 factories and caused a large number of improvements to be made in machinery, fire escapes, etc., and has also prevented the violation of the law in regard to the employment of women and children, has prehas had a tendency to keep children, who have been in factories and who should have been in school, in their proper places. There is no doubt this work could properly. be extended further than it has been.

Salaries of State Officers. I cannot too strongly urge that you again submit to the people an amendment to the constitution increasing the salaries of State officers. While the people failed to vote this increase both in 1891 and 1893 the resolution was a meritorious one, and had the people understood the real situation they would have voted it cheerfully. The officers comprising the Board of State Auditors also hold the important positions of Secretary of State, State Treasurer, and Commissioner of the State Land Office, respectively, two of whom receive only \$800 per annum, while the other, the State Treasurer, receives but \$1,000. Owing to the meager salary and the impossibility of compelling a man of ordinary means to leave his business and live at the Capitol, or of even attending habitually to his duties, it has made it necessary to employ deputies who are competent to do the work of the principal, and paying them a lib eral salary. There is a difference between power and responsibility, and power without responsibility. It cannot be doubted that the interests of the State of Michigan would be greatly benefited by requiring all the State officers to attend personally to the duties of their offices. It is not only in the interest of economy but in the interest of good government. The Superintendent of Public Instruction is another important State official of whom very much is expected and who is only paid \$1,000 per year. The Attorney General is paid only the insignificant salary of \$800 per annum, and he is expected to be the legal adviser of all the State officers, elective and appointive, and the legal adviser to the prosecuting attorneys of the State and various other officials, and is expected to give legal advice in real estate and criminal matters, also in railroad, insurance, and various other departments of law where corporations employ attorneys educated and experienced in these particular

loss to the State.

branches. It cannot help resulting in a

Labor Strikes. During the summer of 1894 Michigan as well as her sister States, suffered from the great labor strikes which occurred during the last days of July. The strikes raise the pertinent question, What can be done to prevent them in the future? Is there not some way in which the differences between capital and labor can be adjusted without the disastrous resort to strikes? Capital is sensitive, and it may be questioned whether the very means used by labor organizations to increase wages and get other concessions to better their conditions does not in the end have the opposite effect, in causing capital to seek investment in some other line which does not require the employment of labor. Labor organizations have done much in educating and aiding each other in times of need. By their organization they have wielded a power which has compelled concessions from employers which individually they could not have obtained. No matter how orderly the managers of a strike start in, or how strong the resolutions passed to preserve order and refrain from violence or damage to property, it almost invariably happens that before a settlement is effected there is more or less violence used. In any event it is a place where the lawless element congregate ready for the first opportunity for violence and plunder. Among all the numerous sufferers from strikes none suffer so severely and in the end so disastrously as those engaged in the strike. They also find it much more difficult to recover from its effect than any others. Arbitration, compulsory and voluntary, is proposed as a remedy for the existing evils, but this does not seem to meet the requirements. Voluntary arbitration involves a mutual agreement to submit matters of difference to arbitrators to be agreed upon, and a further agreement to abide the decision when rendered. There is ample legal machinery for this now. Compulsory arbitration will be only establishing another court or courts, in which these difficulties can be settled.

done, then the courts now existing have jurisdiction and can furnish the remedy. It will be found impossible under our form of government to compel any cororation or individual to emp to pay them any particular wages. Men of means will suspend or abandon busi-ness if its management is taken from their control. It will be found equally useless to try and compel men to work unless it is for their interests to do so. In the end there must be mutual agreement between employer and employe such as will be mutually beneficial, or such relation cannot long exist. Any agreement of this character must also be based on principles of equity and justice. The demands of civilization have made the creation of artificial persons a necessity, and much as corporations are con-demned modern civilization cannot get along without them. Laws have been enacted providing for the association of capital to carry on large operations which would be impossible for an individual to do, and many times the investment is of such a character that no prudent man would be willing to invest his all in it, but is willing to venture a fixed amount, which if lost will not ruin him. Thus corporations are given certain powers and privileges, and upon them is imposed certain limited liabilities and responsibilities. On the other hand labor has been left to fight on single-handed so far as law is concerned.

Incorporate Labor Unions. The necessities of labor have, however, caused them to organize among themselves, but in order to accomplish their object they have been led to do many things not authorized by law, and in some instances in direct violation of law. Under the existing circustances it would served labor from unfair competition, and seem to be the part of wisdom and justice to provide for the organizations of corporations of labor, with as much power and no greater liability than is imposed on corporations of capital. Create them as a body corporate, which may make contracts and enforce them, and be empowered in turn to sue and be sued, and in short to do anything they may be authorized to do in the articles of incorporation. This would place them on an equality, and difficulties between capital and labor would be settled as other difficulties and disagreements are settled, through the courts. It is hardly consistent to condemn labor organizations for taking the law into their own hands unless some lawful and practicable method is provided for the protection of their interests. There is little doubt that there are difficulties in the way of carrying out this plan, and it is hardly probable that any law enacted would at first be satisfactory, but with viding for equitable contracts and an lator. He simply returned his sincere

> As the law now stands the appropriations for the use of the geological survey are paid out upon the order of the Governor. There seems to be no good reason why this fund should not take the regular course of other appropriations.

There is very little if any complaint with reference to the present election law, but in the interest of accuracy and to avoid any change in the returns I renew the recommendations of two years ago that provisions be made for counting the vote at intervals during the day by a separate board. As fast as the result is known it should also be posted in at least one public place and signed by the board, and further results should be added to it during the day. This would prevent any changes for partisan purposes later in the day. With this arrangement the result of election in most cases would be known and the returns made out as early as 6 or 7 o'clock in the evening, and as boards usually receive pay for two days there would be no increase in expense, but there would be a guaranty of greater accuracy. because the men would be fresh and would have ample time to count the votes and declare the result. The present method of canvassing votes by the Board of County Canvassers is expensive, and no better done than it could be by a much smaller board. This is a matter well worthy of your consideration. By the provisions of Act No. 169, Public Acts of 1893, the Governor was authorized to appoint a commission to prepare and report a general municipal corporation bill, under which all municipalities may become incorporated, and this commission has worked faithfully and earnestly to accomplish what the act imposed upon it. It is hoped that this report will be such that without material amendment or alteration it may be passed early in the session and become a law. I would also arge that an amendment to the Constitution be early submitted to the people providing that the Legislature shall bereafter not be permitted to enact special municipal charters. A bill providing for the incorporation of villages, and one for the smaller cities are already prepared and in print, and will be found upon your desks. f these bills are passed early in the session it will save a great deal of work on proposed amendments to various city and village charters throughout the State. The number of building and loan and

similar associations in the State, the large amount of money which they have loaned and on deposit, and the number of people who are interested in their management. would seem to demand that the State should require reports to be made from these associations, and that they should also be subjected to some State supervis-

Leather Colored by Electricity Electricity is now used for coloring eather more quickly and deeply. The hide is stretched on a metallic table and covered with the coloring liquid; a pres sure of a few volts is then applied be tween the liquid and the table, which opens the pores of the skin and allows the color to sink in.

Accepted His Deity.

gland, lately, in parting with a lay assistant to whom it had made a farewell present, passed "a vote of confidence in Mr. Pedelty and Mr. Pedelty's God."

### DONOVAN IS ON DECK

LONE STAR OF BAY TAKES THE LEGISLATURE BY STORM.

Honors Thrust on Him Thick and Fast and He Does a Little "Jollying" Himself-Given Choice of Seats-His Own Caucus Disagrees.

Novel Opening Incidents.

John Donovan, of Bay, the lone star of the Michigan Democracy, who has been in the ascendant since it was discovered that he had the entire minority of the Legislature of 1895 concealed about his person, reached his zenith Wednesday. Since he was discovered by the political astronomers a couple of months ago he has given evidence of the possession of so many bright and shining characteristics that no one will be surprised if he takes on still greater luster as the days go by.

Wednesday was Donovan's first day in the Legislature, and he made the most of it, while his colleagues made the most of him. Donovan is a man of good hard sense and great modesty. He tried his best to keep his effulgence from eclipsing that of the ninety-nine lesser stars about him, but the latter insisted on its being brought into active service on every oc-

Donovan sought the Capitol early and alone. He modestly took a seat away back by the lobby rail in Representative Hall. He hid behind a newspaper, hoping thereby to escape publicity, but had not been in the room five minutes before the newspaper men proclaimed his presence and that ended his seclusion.

First Call for Donovan. "John Donovan of Bay," called Clerk Miller, with unusual emphasis and lung power, and as he did so a round of applause that rattled the windows was given. Donovan rose up slowly, bowed his head in acknowledgment, and moved up the aisle in a dignified manner. He signed the roll with a firm hand and took the oath. As he passed to his seat the applause again broke out. From that time until an adjournment was taken later in the afternoon John Donovan of Bay was

constantly in evidence. After the noon recess the work of selecting seats by lot as provided by an act of the last Legislature was about to be commenced when Representative Campbell of Ingham moved that Donovan be permitted to take his choice of seats before the drawing began. The motion was carried with cheers, whereupon Donovan the object kept steadily in view of pro- of Bay made his first speech as a legisequitable and practical method for their thanks for the courtesy and expressed enforcement, in the end success is cer- the hope that he might p ortny of the honor done him. His modesty was again manifested by his selection of seat 55, in fifth row from the front, next the

> Representative Chamberlain of Gogebic congratulated the minority on his consistency in sticking to odd numbers. Donovan retorted with the remark that "there is luck in odd numbers," and proved it a moment later when his name was one of the first to be drawn from the box.

Does a Little Jollying Himself. When the vote for Speaker was taken Donovan jollied up his ninety-nine Republican colleagues by bobbing up when his name was called and voting for Judge Gordon, the Republican nominee. He was given three cheers and a tiger for this, and the welkin rang again a moment later when Gordon retaliated by voting for John Donovan, of Bay. Donovan was made a member of the committee to escort the Speaker to the chair, and the cheers broke out afresh when he and the Speaker marched down the sisle arm in arm and ascended to the Speaker's chair.

Donovan came to the front again when he was made a member of the joint committee of Senators and Representatives to inform the Governor that the two houses were ready for business, and Gov. Rich received him with marked consideration. Having set the pace by voting for the Republican Speaker, Donovan still further increased his popularity by voting for all the Republican caucus nominees. remarking as he did so that the Democratic caucus was unable to agree upon a slate.

To Have a County Named for Him. In the Senate Donovan's fame was added to by Senator Clapp, who gave notice of the introduction of a bill to change the name of Dickinson County to Donovan County, and the chances are that the change will be made.

In the afternoon Donovan called at the Hotel Downey to pay his respects to United States Senator McMillan, who was holding a reception there. McMillan received him with open arms and insisted on his removing his overcoat and sharing the honors with him for the balance of the afternoon. He occupied a front seat at the McMillan caucus in the evening. was one of the first to congratulate the Senator on his renomination, and it is given out that he will vote for him, and thus for the first time in the history of the State will a man be elected United States Senator by a unanimous vote of the Leg-

He was a top-notch guest at the spread endered the Legislature by Senator Mc-Millan in the evening and had the best time of any one present. It was truly Donovan's greatest day and he made the most of it. While conducting himself in the manner of an intelligent, well-bred, dignified gentleman, he made himself the most popular member of the Legislature and for the balance of the session he has simply to push the button and his col-leagues will do the rest. Donovan has captured every one of them and they stand ready to give him the earth.

Minor State News. Nearly all the officers of Bay City have en indicted for malfeasance in office by he grand jury.

At Manistee the Cameron Block, owned The loss will amount to \$34,000.

Lapeer paid out \$1,000 last season for tramp hoard, and this season the jail is so full of vagrants that a decent man can hardly get in.

#### TERRIBLE DESTITUTION.

scase Added to Other Tribulations of Nebraska Drought Safferers. Additional dispatches have been received from Western Nebraska telling of the destitution and distress prevailing amon the inhabitants of the drought-stricks districts. A dispatch from Hastings

"Terrible destitution exists in Perkins Chase, Dundy, Lincoln, Hayes, Hitch-cock and Frontier Counties, and the worst feature of it is that the people in several localities are afflicted with scurvy for want of wholesome food. The State Relief Committee tinds itself unable to relieve all the people in distress, so great is the demand for aid. Railroad men report that since the cold snap no less than a dozen people perished in the above counties in the past two days for want of food and fuel."

Hundreds of families are without coal, and in the border counties, where no trees or brush exist, the poor people will have a hard time to keep from freezing to death. In Perkins County the destitution is complete. Over 600 families are appealing for help.

In Hitchcock County the wife of a settler gave birth to twins during the storm, and before neighbors could reach her home the poor woman expired for want of sufficient food and attention. The twins are still living and in charge of charitable neighbors.

North Platte reports that there are many cases of suffering and hunger among drought sufferers in Lincoln and Logan Counties.

Overseers of the poor state that unless aid comes from outside there will be many deaths from hunger and want of clothing this winter.

"The State Relief Commission has fifty families on its list as needing assistance and most distressing reports come in from all over the western part of the State relating to woful lack of food and clothing," says a Lincoln dispatch.

"No deaths certainly attributable to starvation are yet reported, although it is claimed that a woma and two children found dead in a cabin near Niobrara. the morning before Christmas died from lack of food and care. Coal is most needed and Mr. Ludden, of the State Relief Committee, and General Manager Holdredge, of the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad, are doing everything in their power to forward supplies to the more destitute localities. Very few farmers in the border counties have any stock left, having let cattle and horses roam at large. The people are living in covered wagons by hundreds rather than face starvation and freeze to death.. More or less destitution exists in every county, from the Colorado line east to Hall and Adams Counties and committees, although overwhelmed with applications for aid, are doing all they can to relieve the distress."

### STRONG IS NOW MAYOR.

He Becomes the Executive Head of New York.

For the first time in twenty-two years a Mayor not of the Democratic faith is at the head of the New York city government. William L.



Strong, who was on Tue sday inducted into the office, represents much the same conditions and social elements that asserted themselves in 1872 in the elevation of William F. Havemeyer to the Mayoralty. In both instances there was a revolt against mun i c ipal corruption.

Upon both occasions public sentiment was crystallized through the medium of a committee of seventy, the main purpose in 1872 being to overthrow the Tweed regime, and in 1804 to correct abuses, known or suspected, in the police and other departments of the city government.

The exposure of the practice of levying blackmail by the police, particularly upon the criminal classes of society, who, inconsideration of their payments of money, were granted immunity from arrest, was primarily the work of the Society for the Prevention of Vice, which procured the appointment of the State Senate Committee which has become famous under the name of its Chairman, Mr. Lexow.

Without an enlargement of the powers of the Mayor, it is argued, says a corresondent, Mr. Strong, whatever may be his disposition, is as helpless to combat corruption in the departments as his predecessors in office have been. It is proposed to enact a law giving the Mayor power of removal over heads of bureaus and an absolute control of the police department. Under the present system, while the Mayor appoints members of the police board and other department chiefs, he may not remove them except through processes that practically amount to a deprivation of the power. The framing of new laws touching these points promises to be as important work as any that is likely to come before the State Legislature and to bring out as many conflicting theories.

Sparks from the Wires. Stephen Welber, treasurer of McCook County, S. D., is short in his accounts and has been arrested.

Receiver Walker, of the Santa Fe, says it is not the intention to cease operating the Atlantic and Pacific.

Rail lines must reduce the cost of operation before they can again competewith lake lines in the carrying of grain. Thomas Quinlan was sentenced at

Bowling Green, Mo., to two years in the penitentiary for murdering Gottfreid Kloppenstein, of Chicago, last December. The importation of cattle into Belgium from Canada has been prohibited because of pleuro-pneumonia having been deter

ed in some animals recently arrived.

Investigation shows that directors of the Commercial Bank, which failed at St. Joha's, N. F., had borrowed thousands, of dellars from the bank and had overdrawn their accounts.

### THE CHELSEA STANDARD

BY O. T. HOOVER

-\$1.00 per year in advance

CHELSRA, THURSDAY, JAN. 10, 1895.

A very pretty wedding took place in St. Mary's church last Monday, January 7, 1895, when Mr. Joseph Edward Weber and Miss Margaret Wade were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. The church was very beautiful, for it was still arrayed with the elegant Christmas decorations. The church was filled with the relatives and friends of the happy couple, who are so well and favorably known in Chelsea, The pastor of the church, the Rev. William P. Considine officiated at the impressive ceremony. Mr. Herbert Foster of Grass Lake, and Miss Elizabeth Wade of Lima attended at the altar. An elegant breakfast was enjoyed by the near relatives at the home of the bride's father. Mr. and Mrs. Weber left on the morning train for Jackson and other points to visit relatives.

The good wishes of their numerous friends accompany them for a happy future.

A Dastardly Deed

Supervisor Grosshans, of Lodi, who lives about eight miles south of herea mile or so beyond the Lodi town hall -made a discovery a day or two since that turns his stomach yet when he thinks of it. In drawing up a bucket of water out of his well a few days since, some hair and decomposed flesh was noticed in the bucket, and upon investigation it was found that there was a dead dog therein. The family had been using the water right along for culinary purposes, and you can imigine their feelings upon the discovery The animal must have been in there some length of time:-Ann Arbor

The People of Cheles

Are all invited to our Majestic working exhibit now being conducted at our store by the representatives of the Majestic Steel Range Co. During the exhibit one of these celebrated ranges will be in operation, baking biscuits and serving coffee to everybody. Do not miss seeing this wonderful range, whether you wish to buy or not, Special low prices are offered to buyers who place their order now. EBERBACH HARDWARE Co.,

Ann Arbor.

The Education of the Blind: The Midland Republican of Decem-

ber 7, says: "Samples of cookies and biscuit, made by girls totally blind, can be seen at the Republican office. These samples are from some that were taken Tuesday from the School for the Blind (at Lansing) to Adrian for exhibition in connection with the convention there of the State Board of Corrections and Charities. A hammock and various samples of needle work made by the children of the school, were exhibited, also a book of raised point letters (Braille) which was stereotyped and printed at the school, and best of all, four of the children were there, two girls and two boys, who read from the books and the stereotypes with their fingers, played the piano, sang, wrote Braille from dictation, gave recitations etc., arousing great interest in those who saw and heard them. They were under the immediate care of Supt. Church and a lady teacher and remained through the entire convention, also visiting the Industrial Home for girls. The children enjoyed the change from school routine immensely and sat with great patience through the long sessions, in which some most valuable papers and discussions were given.

"Hon. L. C. Storrs, Secretary of the State Board of Corrections and Charities says that the School for the Blind was never in better condition than

This school is a state institution and is located at Lansing. Blind children lb at R. A. Snyder's. are boarded and taught free of charge. Further information may be oblained ddressing the Superintendent of the School for the Blind, Lansing,

Any person knowing of a blind shild, or one so nearly blind as to be SANDARD office.

mable to learn in the public school hould encourage the parents or guard ian to have such child sent to the school at Lansing.

We, the undersigned, subscribers to this notice, do hereby agree to close our places of business at 8 o'clock, p. m. from the 14th day of January until the 1st day of April, 1895, except Saturday nights, reserving however the right to ourselves to remain in our respective stores after the above named hopr for the purpose of doing such work as may be found necessary, said work to be performed with all doors

This agreement is not to be binding upon the members subscribed thereto in the event of its terms having been violated by any member.

Beisel & Staffan. R. S. Armstrong & Co. Geo. Blaich M. Boyd. Fred Kantlehner J. S. Cummings. Adam Eppler. Hoag & Holmes. H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co. J. J. Raftrey. W. F. Riemenschneider & Co. C. E. Whitaker, J. Geo. Webster. W. J. Knapp.

C. Steinbach.

R. A. Snyder.

Hugh Sherry.

Geo. S. Laird, P. M.

Unadilla.

Dick Barton has gone to Ohio. Nina Davis spent Sunday at E. C.

Revival meetings commenced Monday evening.

George May and Charles Hudson spent Sunday at Stockbridge.

Peter Finch is very low.

Mrs. Blickenstaff is recovering slowly. Miss Josie Hounson went to her home in Napoleon, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Wilmarth of Quincy visited friends here last week. David Behm and wife have moved in-

to Horace Leek's house on the old Bar-

Henry Musbach now rides out in a new Ann Arbor buggy.

The revivals at the German M. church are well attended.

Miss Frankie Havens of Grass Lake is visiting friends in this vicinity.

Hutton Main and family of Leoni have moved into James Hatt's house. Frank Kruse left for Fenton last Sat

urday where he expects to attend school. Mary Brosamle and Lena Kruse resumed their school work in the Chelses. High School Monday.

Sylvan.

Ice cutting is now in order.

HomerBoyd was in AnnArbor yesterday. Milton Whitaker was in town Wednes-

The boys have been improving the fine skating on the pond.

Frank West has been visiting relatives for the past ten days.

Meetings are being held every night of this week at the church.

Mrs. Alice Yerby of Leslie visited Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Conklin last week.

John West of New York is visiting his brother, Wilson West, whom he has not een for over twenty years.

Ham sausage 8c per lb at R. A.Snyder's

Electric telephones for private lines put up cheap and guaranteed three years For estimates address

LYNN L. GORTON, Waterloo, Mich.

Pay cash and buy fresh bologna sausages for 7c per lb at R. A. Snyder's.

Has your watch stopped again? Don' pend any more for repairing but call at the Bank Drug Store and buy a gold filled case, guaranteed fifteen years with a seven jewel Elgin movement for \$12.75.

Pay cash and buy beef ribs for 5c per

Good piece boiling beef 5 to 7c at R

My 50c tea is a winner. Try a pound. R. A. Snyder. Get your visiting cards

The best place to get repairing done with neatness and dispatch is in the ment under Eppler's meat market Drop in and see if this ad, tells the

Pay cash and buy fresh Frankforts for 10c per lb. at R. A. Snyder's

Whenever you buy a watch chain, ring, pin or cuff buttons, etc., etc, remember you will find the largest asportment and best prices at the Bank Drug Store.

Best coffee in Cheisea for 28c at R

If you want a good cup of tea or coffee, sample the brands we are selling at the Bank Drug Store. You can pay more money for them but you can't buy goods that will please you

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASH-tenaw, s. s. At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Wednesday the second day of January in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-

sent, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate. the matter of the estate of Henry C. Sted-

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Person.

In the matter of the estate of Henry C. Stedman, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Nancy L. Stedman praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court a certain instrument now on file in this court purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased may be admitted to probate and that administration of said estate may be granted to herself, the executor in said will named or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the atth day of Feb. next at ten o'clock in the forence that have a signed for the hearing of said petition and that the devisees, legatees and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the lotty of Ann Arbor, in said county and show cause, if any there be why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Standard, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true Copy.)

WM. G. Dory, Probate Register

Chancery Sale.

Mrs. Emeline Boston was the guest of Mrs. Fred Stowe one day last week.

The donation held Wednesday evening for Rev. North was far from being a success; they took in only about \$25.

The pursuance and by virtue of a final order and decree of the circuit court for the county of Washtenaw, in chancery, in the state of Michigan, made, dated and entered on the twenty-ninth day of December, A. D. 1894 in a certain cause therein pending wherein Rolla certain caus incompetent, George J. Crowell, guardian of said John M. Letts, incompetent; Mary Dean and Sarah Canfield are defendants. Notice is hereby given that I shall sell at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder, at the north main entrance to the court house in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county of Washtenaw, and state of Michigan; said court house being the place for holding the circuit court for said county, on Monday, the eighteenth day of February, A. D. 1895, at ten o'clock in the forencen of said day, all of the following described places or parcels of land mentioned and set forth in said decree, to-wit: Also those certain places or parcels of land situated in the township of Sylvan, county of Washtenaw and state of Michigan, known and described as follows; The west half of the east half of the south-east quarter of section one (1) and all that part of the west half of the east half of the north-east quarter of section twelve (12) bounded and described as follows, viz: On the north by first described land on the east by the highway, on west by Chas, E. Letts land and on the south by lands lately owned by Mrs. Westfall, being the same premises now occupied by the said John M. Letts, incompetent, and his said wife, Lydia A. Letts.

Dated Ann Arbor, Mich., January 2, 1895.

dia A. Letts.
ted Ann Arbor, Mich., January 2, 1895.
O. Elmer Butterfield,
Circuit Court Commissioner,
Washtenaw Co., Mich

6. W. TurnBult., Solicitor for Complainants and Petitioners

Mortgage Sale.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage dated the 15th day of February. A. D. 1876, made and executed by Richard M. Nowland and Frances Nowland, his wife, of Ypsilanti, state of Michigan, to Luther James, of the township of Lima, county of Washtenaw, state aforesaid, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said county of Washtenaw in said state of Michigan, on the 2th day of February, A. D., 1876, in Liber 51, of mortgages on page 613, which said mortgage was duly assigned by Thomas S. Sears and Lewis W. James, executors of the last will and testament of said Luther James, deceased to James L. Babcock, by assignment thereof dated the 28th day of August, A. D., 1893, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for said Washtenaw county, on the 26th day of December, A. D. 1894, in Liber 12 of Assignments of Mortgages on page 70, by which the power of sale, in said mortgage has become operative and, whereas, there is now claimed to be due the sum of two thousand two hundred eightysix dollars and fifty-five cents (\$2,286.55) for principal and interest and thirty-five dollars as an autorney fee as provided by law, and whereas no suit or proceeding at law or in equity, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of said power of sale and the laws of this state, on Monday, the 25th day of March, A. D., 1895, at 12 o'clock noon at the east front door of the court house, in the eity of Ann Arbor, county of Washtenaw, State of Michigan (that being the place where the circuit court for said county of Washtenaw, is held, I will sell at public vendue to the highest bidder the lands and premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the said amount due, interest, costs, and expenses of said sale, said premises being situated in the township of Pysilauti in the county of Washtenaw and state of Michigan, and described as follows to wit; be

MERIT ALL BLOOD MAKES IT DISEASES

DRS.MIXER

HASTINGS.

"We'd rather be

We don't think we can be President. But our ambition is to have our Groceries right-right in every way-in quality and price. Then you'll be pleased, and we'll have your trade always. Come and see what we can do for you now.

### J. S. Cummings,

The Grocer

Chelsea, Mich.

HEN you want a good

24 lbs granulated sugar \$1.00.

PAIR OF SHOES

For a little money, call on u

We are offering greater bargains than any one else in tow

28 lbs brown sugar for \$1.00. 2 packages yeast cake 5c. Corp and Gloss Starch 6c.

Electric kerosene oil 7c. Good roasted coffee 19c. Try our black cross tea. Everyone that uses it says it is the best in tow

Highest market price paid for butter and eggs.

# BARGAINS

Furniture Hardware Stoves

Glassware

THIRTY DAYS

Crockery Lamp

HOAG & HOLME

A few cutters for sale cheap.

CENTRAL

The best o everything in the meat line is kept at the Central Market.

> All kinds of Sausages.

Give me a call.



**Business will be dull** And money scarce, but we One second hand cutte

must have about so much to sale cheap, also new cu keep up our running expenses. In order to make sure of this, we shall make our celebrated Embessed Crystalized Type at reduced price, Do not fail to call at

### REAL ESTATE FOR SA

I have five houses and lots for sale.

GOOD LOCATIONS. MEDIUM PRIO

and on easy terms. B. PARKER Real Estate Age



All through the month of

JANUAR

we shall offer our Stoves AT COST

to close out.

Also special bargains in niture. Prices never we Holidays are past low on everything in the niture line as at present sure to take advantage at prices to close.

W. J. KNA

FRANK E. IV

AUCTIONEER

TermsReason

For particulars enquire at this

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mrs. Fred Kantlehner is quite ill.

The ice boats on Cavaraugh Lake are kept busy these days.

Mrs. Albert Guthrie, who has been very ill for the past week, is much improved.

The Glazier Stove Company started up January 2d, with a force of torty-

The week of prayer is being observ ed by the Methodist and Baptist socie ties of this place.

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The Stockbridge Sun speaks of Still street in Ann Arbor. That name would be appropriate for any street in Ann Arbor.

The Baptist church is now lighted with electricity, an arc light and a number of incandescents having been placed therein.

The W. R. C. will hold their regular meeting and installation of officers this week Friday afternoon, January 11, at 2 o'clock,

Representative Kempf has been appointed on the following committees: Private Corporations, Public Lands, State Public Schools.

Miss Cora Taylor entertained a number of friends at her home on Friday evening of last week. A very enjoyable time is reported.

Baptist society of this place, Rev. W. W. Whitcomb presented his resignation conversation? to take effect in April.

The village of Chelses and the township of Sylvan should join together in purchasing a stone crusher, and thus forever.

John Cook, E. A. Ward and Mark Lowry have been appointed commissioners to look over the orchards of Sylvan for the black knot and the

The railroads of this state have good record for the past year. Of all the passengers carried, not one has been killed in that time. So says Railroad Commissioner Billings.

It was hoped to have the Congregational church ready for dedication on the 17th of this month, but it will have to be postponed, probably one week, or until the 24th.

The Glazier Stove Company will build and equip a first class foundry early in the spring and do all their of the peace to sell the animal. He iswork in Chelsea. This means the employment of more labor, and more money in circulation here.

horse, and is just aching to have peo- the owner can come upon your place ple find out about it, but we will be and take it away without paying blamed if we will mention it until he you." comes around and show us a bit of the country, and lets us find out how fast it can travel.

D. W. Barry, county drain commissioner, has made his final order establishing the proposed drain north of this village and has named it "Mill Lake Drain." He was here Tuesday and Wednesday preparing the assessment district.

The services at the M. E. church during the week of prayer are being well attended and the interest is increasing. Special meetings will be continued next week each evening except Saturday, beginning at 7:30. Preaching by the pastor. All invited.

The death of Mrs. Mary T. Lathrop, of Jackson, which occurred at her home in that city, on Thursday Jan. will be received with general reover the state. She was well broughout the nation as a sinearnest worker in the W. C.

> market continues dull and reght. Wheat brings 50 cts. for White, rye 47 cts., oats 30 cts., ood ones; eggs 18 cts., butter 15 dress.

Dr. Arthur Elmer, clairvoyant, trance medium and magnetic healer is now here, and can be tound in the rooms over Kempf Bros.' old bank. See his advertisement in another col-

The poet from California, Fred Emerson Brooks, will appear next Saturday evening in the Young People's Entertainment course, The Brooklyn Standard-Union says of Mr. Brooks: "The Montauk Club scored a positive success in its introduction to Brooklyn, Saturday evening, of Mr. Fred Emerson Brooks, the poet. Mr. Brooks' selections, all from his own works, comprise a wide range."

At the regular business meeting of the Epworth League held Friday evening the following officers were elected for the present year: President, C, LeRoy Hill; 1st Vice Pres., Nettie Storms; 2d Vice Pres., Mrs. C., L. Adams; 3d Vice Pres., Florence Bachman; 4th Vice Pres., Mrs. J. S. Cummings, Secretary, Henry I. Stimson; Treasurer, Flora Kempf; Chorister, Pianist, Effa Armstrong.

The lady editors of the Ann Arbor Democrat ask the question, "Why do women always talk about their home affaire?" If the above mentioned ladies were married and had families of their own, it is probable that they would have never asked the question, It is the happenings of everyday life that most people talk about, and as looking after family affairs is the every-At the last business meeting of the day work of the women, is it any wonder that it is the main subject of their

The bondsmen of Mr. Suckey having concluded not to pay up the defalcation, will, we understand, let the county sue them and obtain it, if it can. be able to make roads that would last There are several, however, opposed to this method, and are ready to pay their proportion. Supervisors will, at their leeting, to day, decide upon what course they will pursue. The bond so reads that the county can sue any one of the number that is responsible financially, and collect the whole amount of him. Then he will have to bring suit against the balance. - Ann Arbor Courier.

The following information is often desired, and it would be well for people to give it a niche in their memory "If you take up a stray animal, you must in ten days give notice to your township clerk, who must make an entry of the same; then you advertise the animal in your local paper, and sixty days after such advertisement has appeared, you apply to a justice sues a warrant to the constable who gives ten days notice by posters and you get all your expenses. The penalty for taking a stray animal, and not Frank Shaver has purchased a fine giving notice is \$5, and aside from that

> George and Delia Croman of Waterloo, have been married 43 years and have always lived in the same door yard since their marriage. Mr. Croman has lived almost sixty years in this same door yard. When he settled upon that farm Jan. 15, 1835, the nearest resident was Mr. Putman's peopie on the place where Mrs. Albert Yocum lives, four miles away; and the nearest neighbor was on the Andrew Greening place in Lyndon, eight miles east. The longest time they have been from the farm was once for three weeks and again for two weeks. After thus farming it sixty years Mr. Croman has rented his farm to Henry Lehman. who will take possession about the first of April, and Mr. and Mrs. Croman propose then to make some long-promised visits, Mr. Croman informed a representative of the Sun that his brothe -in-law and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Emmons, who have been married 42 years beat their stay-at-home record, having never spent but one night away from home in the whole 42 years .- Stockbridge Sun.

Johnston's Highbred Field Corn. 95 cts., beans \$1.25, clover seed adapted to Southern Mich., 1/4 bu. 75c, 1/5 bu. \$1.40, \(\frac{1}{2}\) bu. \$2.40, advance by the second control of the s new variety of large early yellow corn d 3 cts. per pound can be got our rick. For further information, ad-SHANKS & SON. No. 215, Tenth St. Toledo, Ohio.

Monday. Frank Snyder left for Chicago Mon-

H. S. Holmes spent part of this week in Leslie. Munson Burkhart spent Sunday in

Manchester. Miss Cora Taylor returned to Ypsilanti Monday.

Clarence Maroney was an Ann Arbor visitor Tuesday. T. Drislane has been spending this

week in Parma. W. F. Foote spent last week with

friends in Hillsdale. Geo. Whitaker of Sandstone is the

guest of friends here. Mrs. Eder was the guest of her sister in Dexter last week.

Rolla West of Corunna is the guest of Ransom Armstrong.

Mrs. Spencer has been the guest of friends in Fowlerville.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Staffan spent Sunday with Dexter triends.

Hon, J. W. Watts of Jackson visited friends in town Monday. Miss Kate Hooker spent Sunday

with friends in Grass Lake. J. W. Emmert of Elyria, O., spent

part of this week in Chelsea. Miss May Sparks is entertaining

Miss Agnes Masson of Jackson. Miss May Trouten was entertained Candies, by Ann Arbor friends Monday.

Miss Edith Noyes spent Sunday with Miss Ella Morton at Ann Arbor.

Miss Grace A. White of Ann Arbor is the guest of Miss May Stedman.

E. L. Negus and daughter Mary visited friends in Clinton Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker spent last week with friends in Howell and Fowl-

Mrs. H. S. Holmes and children spent a part of last week with friends in Dexter. Mrs. Wm. Martin is visiting her

daughter, Mrs. G. E. Hathaway, in Saline this week. Chas. Feckenscher of Fenton was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Sparks

the first of the week. part of last week with Miss Alice Mc-

Intosh of Grass Lake, Miss Minnie Wurster of Dexter was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wurster the first of the week.

Misses Rose Waitbucht and Clara Mulbreck of Ann Arbor were the guests of Miss Clara Hutzel last week

Don't miss seeing the wonderful Majestic Steel Range in operation at the large store of the Eberbach Hardware Co., Ann Arbor, Biscuits and coffee served to everybody from 9:30 a m. to 6 p. m.

Report of school in District No. 7, Sylvan, for the month ending January 4. Number enrolled, 42. Attending every day : Arthur Rockwell, Chauncey Freeman, Fred Koch, Anna Jenson, Lois Kellam, Furman Fenn. Standing, 95. Chauncey Freeman, 90; Alfred Faulkner, 83; Dave Rockwell, Arthur Rockwell, Herman Weber, Carrie Goodrich, Emma Bohnet, Alvin Kellam, Oscar Laubengayer, 80; Lois Killam, Furman Fenn, Bertha Laubengayer, Myrtie Weber, Joe Laubengayer. Chauncey Freeman, Oscar Laubengayer, Bertha Laubengayer, Emma Boh-Hinderer, Dave Rockwell, Herman

The Majestic Steel Range is the becooking apparatus in the world be cause it does the work without waste of food or fuel, in one-half the time required by other stoves and ranges and will last a lifetime. See it in operation at our store daily. Eberbach Hardware Co., Ann Arbor.

Read the "Special Offer" on last page, and then come in and subscribe. Only \$1.20 for the Standard and The Illustrated Home Guest, both for one ar, and also I wenty Complete Novelettes by Popular Authors.

Cross cut saws filed and set for 25c. Call on B. F. Tuttle at Hoag & Holmer hardware store.

Now on and continuing until January 23, 1895.

### ALL CLOTHING 1-4 OFF

Beautiful, Ulsters Overcoats, Suits and Odd Pants, this season's styles, all go at one fourth off. All shoes one-fourth off, not a pair reserved. All cloaks, capes and shawls onefourth off, every one of them new. No humbugery, everything marked in plain figures and certainly marked from 25 to 40 per cent under old prices on old goods, and still you can make any selection on the above lines at one-fourth off for cash during this sale. We guarantee to show you more new goods in any of the above lines than all other dealers in Chelsea combined. Goods charged only at regular prices.

# W. P. SCHENK & CO. For Our Gustomers

### We have a choice line of fine

Oranges, Citron. Lemons,

Almond Meats, Orange Peel, Lemon Peel,

Raisins of all kinds Oysters in cans and bulk Fine yellow Bananas

> A fine line of Crockery to select from. All colors of sugar sand.

### GEO. BLAICH.

# Miss Annie Bacon spent the latter part of last week with Miss Alice Mc-Intosh of Grass Lake,

He has decided to have his clothes made, and will go to

# WEBSTER

WHO HAS EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS.

### किंग्स एक महिल्ल

A Modern Day Seer, the noted Clairvoyant, Trance Medium and Magnetic Healer, Dr. Arthur Elmer. Calls you by net have not missed a word in written name, tells you what you called for, can give you your age, spelling during the month, George even the day and hour you were born, tells your mother's maiden name, date of your marriage, how many children you Weber, Johanie Jeuson missing but have, gives full names of your friends, both in life and beyond the grave, the name of the street and the number of the house in which you live, gives number of your watch, check book, notes, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed or no money taken. For skeptics, if you do not believe that certain persons possess this power, call and be convinced. The Doctor is open to investigation. Develops those who feel called upon to become mediums. If you are sick the doctor will tell you what is the matter with you without asking a question, as he is a Magnetic Healer aud Clairvoyant Physician. Call and be examined, no matter what your allments are, as he can be consulted confidentially on any subject mentally or physically affected. If he cannot co and ree, it reatment is desired. He has cured others and he may cure you. Sper al terms to all callers before January 16th. By the use of his Electrical Appl the dear hear, the blind see and the lame walk. R leumatism, piles, fits, wes ack and liver complaint disappear by wearing these Appliances. Parlors over Kempi's old Bank Building. Onice hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Open event also open Sundays: For further particulars apply at Caspary's Restaur

NOW AT CHELSEA.

CHAPTER XI-Continued.

The third "stony-hearted" publisher had taken a good deal of trouble over the rejected MS. He had read it carefully, and inclosed the "reader's" opinion, a shrewd, kindly, and, if severe, no unjust analysis of the whole; holding out a hope that after long years of study the author might succeed in finding a public, not for that but for something else of a different

"Very kind of him," said Roderick, passively; "and in the meantime we may starve."

"Not quite that, dear," said Silence, gently. "You know we have enough for ourselves, if we live wholly to oursselves. Remember that Mrs. Grierson was saying the other day that the greatest evil of poverty was because people will not spend their money apon their own family and its needs, but in making a show before the eyes of the world. Now, this might be necessary at Richerden, but here, where we live so quietly--

"Quietly, quietly! Blackhall will soon drive me mad with its quietness! To vegetate here upon a pound or two a week, so long as there was the resomething better! I can't do it; no was full of day-dreams. man could."

"And no weman who really loved her husband would let him do it."

"Thank you, my darling, I thought you would say so. Even though you are a woman, you can understand. You will not be a coward? You will buckle on my breastplate, and let me plunge into the fight? Then, like our friend Macbeth-

"'At least I'll die with harness on my back.'

She laughed—they both laughed. Ay, even through all their distress. There was in them that wonderful, ever-renewed spring of hope, which in pure natures is long before it runs dry.

"So that is settled. I will see Mr. Black to-morrow about the possibility of letting Blackhall, and then, if we can let it, we will go to London at

Silence made no reply. Her drooped face turned white-then scarlet-then white once more.

"Come, wise little woman, what is the matter with you? You have given your consent, now give your opinion. Where shall we go, and when?"

"I think, if you will let it be so, I should like us to stay quietly here until the spring."

"Why? What possible reason-Silence put both her arms around her husband's neck, and looked at him, right into his eyes, a strangely solemn, tender, absolutely speechless look. Then he knew.

CHAPTER XII.

The very day after their return to Blackhall, Roderick, with a cheerful countenance, put his luckless MS. on the topmost shelf of the old oaken press in the dining-room, where nobody could get at it by anything short of a most resolute will and a step-ladder. "Lie there, my magnum opus! till I

you at my own expense, and distribute a copy each to all my friends, who then will have become so numerous that I shall clear off thereby at least the first edition. For the rest," seeing, though his wife tried to smile, her eyes were brimming, "never mind, love, even if your husband was not born to be a writer-at any rate, a novel writer-I may come out in another line, as a moral essayist, perhaps; or, who knows! having, they say, a little of my grandfather in me, I may drop, or rise, into a capital man of business after all." "What do you mean?" she asked, tim-

Something of what I have been thinking all night, and am going to speak to Black about this morning," said Roderick, taking down his hat. "Never let grass grow under your feet when you have made up your mind to a thing. I may not have much 'mind'-according to our friends, the publishers but I have got a will of my own; and I am determined to be a rich man yet. At least, rich enough to keep Blackball from dropping into ruins. Not this century, please God, shall any enterprising author write an improving work on 'The Last of the Jardines ! Gayly as he spoke, there was a deep

earnest beneath the jest-the earnestness of a man who has courage enough to take his fate in his hands, and however heavily weighted, prepare to run the race of lift without complaining. True, the race is not always to the swift, nor the battle to the strong-many a one, without fault of his own, flags, staggers, drops, and dies; still, that man is not half a man who, with youth and health on his side, rinks at the outset from either disappointed ambition or fear of poverty, or mill. You, a gentler any other of those nameless terrors which come with later life. Especially when "It is because I am a gentleman and

There is a creed abroad that a young nan is better alone, free from all incum-brance of wife or children; but in the old times it was not so. Then, children were steemed "an heritage and gift that cometh from the Lord;"—now, selfish luxury, worldliness, and the love of outward show have brought our young men-ay, and ome women, too to such a pass that they feel, nay, openly declare, every child born to them is a new enemy; and mar-riage, instead of being "honorable" to all, is a folly, a derision, or a dread.

Why is this? And is it the men's fault or the women's? Both, perhaps; yet, I think, chiefly the women's. Feeble, useless, half-educated; taught to believe that ignorance is amusing, and helpless ness attractive; no wonder the other sex shrinks from taking upon itself not a help but a burden-charming enough before marriage, but after? The very man who at first exulted in his beautiful ornamental wife, will, by and by, be the first to turn round and scorn her.

No man could ever scorn Silence Jardine. In spite of her sacred feebleness she resumed at once the business of lifeharder than anybody knows who has not tried the experiment of making six-pence do the work of a shilling. And she did it cheerfully, and without any outward sign. Brain never idle; feet never still, or, if compelled to stillness, hands always busy at something or another; full of endless care and thought for others, most of all for Roderick, who never thought of himself or his own pleasures at all; even in her room, or on her sofa, Mrs. Jardine managed to be the very soul of the house, planning everything, arranging everything, and, it often seemed, doing every-

It was a solitary life she led, for her husband took to going down to the mill every day, and all day long; it "amused" him, he said, and indeed he always came home looking so busy and cheerful that she was glad of the change for him. But motest chance of working my way to it was a life of perfect ease. And then, it

"Are you not dull sometimes?" said Roderick one day, when he came in a little earlier than usual, and found her sitting sewing by the fading October light, but with such a placid smile on her lips, such bliss in her eyes.

"Dull? How could I be? I was only thinking."

"I have been thinkink, too; only I would not tell you till I was quite sure of myself," said he, as he sat down beside her. "Silence, I do really believe your husband is not such a goose as he seems. Black says so; and Black, though an oddity, is by no means a bad fellow.'

Silence smiled. She had oftentimes battled against her husband's dislike to the honest man, whose roughness "rubbed him up the wrong way," as he said, even worse than Mrs. Maclagan. Now under the rough rind he had discovered the pleasant kernel. Things had evidently righted themselves.

"He objected strongly to me at first because I was a gentleman, which was as great a delusion in his way as my setting him down a boor because he wore a rough coat, and had manners to match. Now, we both understand one another better. I have been working with him at the mill for fourteen days, and what do you think

is the result?" He spoke with a buoyancy of tone and manner such as Silence had not seen in him for weeks.

"Something is going to happen-that is, if my wife does not object, which, being a very sensible woman, I don't think she will. I am actually going to earn my daily bread."

She turned round-her lips quivering. "Now, don't begin to cry about it, Mrs. Jardine, my dear; it isn't breaking stones upon the road, or anything very dreadful; and the bread I shall earn will not be too luxurious-only two pounds a weekone hundred pounds a year, which is my precise value just at present. Flattering? -but it is something. I am rather proud of my position as bread-winner-I, that never earned a half-penny in all my days.

He spoke a little fast, and with a have gathered sufficient opes to publish flushed cheek. She put her hand upon his and held it, with a soft, firm hold. "Tell me all."

There is not much to tell. You know

how fond I always was of machineryindeed, once I begged to be made an engineer, but my-they at home (he never named his mother now) thought the profession was not 'genteel' enough, and it is too late now, Black says. But he also says, as a mill-owner I might find my turn for mechanics extremely useful. I could watch, examine, perhaps even invent; indeed, during these two weeks I have made a suggestion or two which he s pleased to consider 'admirable.' 'Mr. Jardine,' he said to me this morning, 'if you were but a capitalist and could start a mill, or a workingman, who required to earn your bread as overseer or foremanyou'd do.' And I startled him by telling him I was a workingman, and I did require to earn my bread; and if he thought I deserved foreman's wages, I would take them gratefully, and- Why Silence, my darling! Not crying?" But she was, though she dried her tears

at once. "Oh, Roderick! and this is done "For you and-it," he whispered, and

then there was a long pause of speechless "I don't wish to make myself out a

martyr, not the least in the world," said Roderick at last. "I like my work-I like all work, indeed, but this especially. And Black is by no means a bad fellow to work with when you only know him. There is that great difference in our ages which prevents jarring- and then, he has such a veneration for the family. "Yes, that is it. But there, too, lies the difficulty. To be foreman at a cotton-

he answered, with that slight air ing, for it was a bit of himself. "No dear; in my worst, that is, my idlest days I never was so foolish as to think there was any disgrace in work, any dignity in idleness; and now, when I have to earn my bread by the sweat of my brow, like old Adam and all the rest, down to poor Grandfather Paterson, I'll do it, and not be ashamed of it, either."

"Nor I. Nothing that my husband did ould make me ashamed of him, except his doing something wrong. But now—"
She stopped, her voice choking; and
gain, weak-minded little woman that

he was, she cried—they both cried. Then they gathered up their courage for the new life which began the next Monday morning.

It might have been-possibly any per son more worldly wise than these young folks would have said it was-that this two pounds a week, so important to them came out of the softest bit in old Black's heart, rather than hi full and usually tightly shut purse; seeing it would be some months before an ignorant "gentleman," however capable, could be equal in value to an experienced workingman, even as foreman at a mill. But they did not know this, and without another word both cheerfully accepted the new life which was to begin the next Monday morning.

The hardest bit of it was the long hours—the separation from the dusk of the morning till after nightfall. Sometimes Roderick came in so tired that, instead of talking, he would just throw himself down-not on the sofa, that he always left for her, but on the rug at her feet-and fall asleep till bedtime, while she, anxious to use her busy fingers to the last available minute, sewed silently, watching him the while. If he had seen that watch! Does a man ever thoroughly comprehend how a woman loves him?

But, the working days done, there were the blessed Sundays, he never knew how blessed, he said, till he became a "working-man." Church over, his wife sent him to take a long stroll over the hills, while she gathered round her for an hour the little class of mill girls, taught for so many years by Miss Jardine. Roderick sometimes grumbled at this, but she said, gently, "We each do our work. I think this is mine; let me do it." And by the time he came to tea it was done, and the jealous fellow had his wife to himself for the whole evening.

Those sweet Sunday evenings, when "the rain was on the roof"-for winter set in early that year-how comfortable they were! The two, shut in together, had to learn the great secret, and go through the hardest test of married lifeeven such young married life as theirsconstant companionship; not love, not passion, scarcely even affection-for all these can sometimes exist without it, at least for a long time-but simple companionship, that priceless friendship which is "love without his wings."

"Suppose you had been a goose, Silence," he said one day. "Suppose you had expected me to be always making love to you, instead of talking to you like a sensible woman; suppose you had not cared for the things I care for, but wanted something totally different-say dressing and dancing and going out of evenings-what in the world would have become of me?"

She laughed merrily. "And suppose you had been a man of the world, who liked good dinners and brilliant society, and was ashamed of his poor little wife because she was not clever-" "Nonsense!"

"Not clever," she repeated, with a sweet decision, "after the fashion that is called clever; nor beautiful, nor grand; had brought him no money and given him no position-I don't speak often of this, but I know it all. Suppose, Roderies, you had been different from what you are; I wonder what would have become of me! No, no! And her gayety melted into an almost sad seriousness. "Whatever the future brings we have the present. Let us rejoice in it, and-let us thank God."

In his old life Roderick had seldom thought of this. Now, when every nighthe saw his wife kneel down by her bedside, he had come instinctively to kneel beside her, "saying his prayers," as the children do; or, rather, since with her always near him there seemed nothing left to pray for, just whispering in his heart, "Thank God!" As he did noway, and many a time in the day, in the midst of his work, which was not too pleasant sometimes. But it grew pleasant and easy when there flashed across him the vision of the sweet face at home -no longer the ideal mistress of his dreams, but the dear wife of his bosom, always at hand to lighten his burdens and divide his cares.

(To be continued.) Plan for Improving Steamers.

If the owners of the Campania pulled out all her boilers and for every five pulled out put back two new boilers same diameter, same length, same heating surface-in fact, each new boiler an exact fac simile of the old one, except that the iron must be three times as heavy, so as to fit it for raising 500 pounds of steam instead of 180 pounds of steam, and if they alter the first and possibly the second cylinders of their engines (leave the last cylinders alone; they are the true measures of the steam consumed) so as to fit them for working 500 pounds of steam and expanding it down to the same pressure as at present, then I say they will save three-fifths of their present boiler room, they may dismiss three stokers out of five, retaining only two, and they may reduce their quantity of coal and space for coal to about twofifths of the present quantity—say from 3,000 tons (if that is the quantity) down to 1,200 tons, and they will still drive the Campania at her present speed-25 miles an hour. But the saving of coal on the coal used for the actual ing of the ship.—Industries and Next lesson—"Christ the Bread of Life.

John 6: 25:35. propelling of the ship.—Industries and

STATE OF STA

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL

SERIOUS SUBJECTS CAREFULLY CONSIDERED.

A Scholarly Exposition of the Les Thoughts Worthy of Calm Reflection-Half an Hour's Study of the Scriptures Time Well Spent.

Lesson for Jan. 13. Golden Text.—"He hath filled the hungry with good things."-Luke i. 53.

Feeding the Five Thousand is the subject of this lesson, which is found in Mari 6. 30-44. We have all the voices in this story Matthew tells it, Mark tells it, Luke, and even John, silent about so many other things. There is something especially impressive about the incident, or the evangelists would not all be speaking with it they appeal to others. It is not with it they appealed to others. Is it not because of the divine human compassion here revealed? All hearts must feel it. Jesus had compassion on the disciples, and then he had compassion on the multitude. He was all compassion. There are tired people in the world still. Bring them, with this lesson, to Jesus. There are discouraged minds, distracted hearts, hungry souls. And here also is Jesus. What a gracious opportunity!

This lesson begins at Jesus' feet. "The disciples gathered themselves together unto him." Here, in the spirit of prayer and devotion let us begin to-day; teachers, scholars, all. And tell him all, as did they. It is a very precious privilege. When all is going wrong, and we know not which way to turn, there is the way to Jesus always open, and his face towards us, Other eyes may be averted, but "the eyes of the Lord are over the righteous;" other cars may be deaf, but his are "open unto their prayers." And the times of our greatest grief are the times of his readiest access. It was when the sad tidings of John's beheading came to them that Christ drew them apart unto himself, When the carnal heart most fails his heart was strongest and helpfulest. "For we have not an high priest which cannot be touched with the feeling of our infirmi-

But it was also a time of great labor. The disciples gathered about Jesus after their first swift embassage in his name to tell him "both what they had done, and what they had taught." It had been a time of severe testing in service with them, and they return to the Master to render up their report. Doubtless they had had much to reassure them in the work, but doubtless also somewhat to trouble, and they were tired. Well, tired or anxious, come at once to Jesus.

'Are you weary, are you heavy-hearted? Tell it to Jesus, tell it to Jesus;

Tell it to Jesus alone." "Rest awhile." Jesus prescribes natural remedies. It is not his pleasure that men should omit ordinary precautions. The first thing God said to Elijah under the juniper was, "Arise and eat." Carefulness about resting and dieting would save the life of many a noble self-sacrificing missionary in the unwonted burden and heat of the jungle or the desert. The word for "leisure" in the original is, literally, good time, i. e., convenient season. In the coming and going of the people, thinking only of their own crying wants, the disciples found no lull for either rest or refreshment The practical lesson is plain. Take the time, says Jesus; make the opportunity for repose and reinforcement. Do it in the interest of all, and for the sake of the kingdom. When others give no leisure, take it yourself. Learn wisdom. A word about the multitude streaming around the margin of the lake to meet Jesus, ere he landed—what a moving spectacle! Ought it not to teach us the attractiveness of our Lord? The people would still "see Jesus." Christ has said: "And I, if I be lifted up, will draw all men unto me." Is there any better way to draw the multitude than simply to preach Jesus. But let it be Jesus.

To preach Jesus we must have the compassion of Jesus. There are two feelings that the multitude's wayward, irresponsible movements may provoke. One is indignation. Said the disciples: "Send them away." The other is comparison. Said Jesus: "Give ye them to eat," L. e., treat them better than they descrie. They are poor, lost sheep, without a shepherd. Such is the multitude to day. Hints and Illustrations.

We want to feed the multitude to-day

with this portion of the word of life. How shall we go about it? First, go to Jesus in prayer and get his spirit of tender love and sympathy. Then give into his hands all we have of talent or influence. Bring also the book he has given us. Without his blessing it fails to make itself food and drink to the hungry and thirsty. Then came the multitude to sit down "in companies." What a picture of the Sunday school. The classes are the companies the word interpreted is the bread and fish, and the teachers are the disciples, devot-ing all their energies and abilities to the breaking of the bread and fish, so that all may have a portion. And, O, the richest basketsfull the disciple himself often carries away! Jesus will talk with us by the way. He

stands ready to cheer and comfort each one that applies to him in penitence and "A little talk with Jesus.

How it smooths the rugged road! How it seems to help me onward, When I faint beneath my load: When my heart is crushed with sorrow, And my eyes with tears are dim, There is naught can yield me comfort.

Like a little talk with him" How equal Christ was to all demands! With the disciple or with the multitude he was alike, sufficient. Paul speaks of himself as "all things to all men," and in our Savior's example we see the true meaning of it. Not to change with the changing environment, but to give one-self to each case, wholly and absolutely and without reserve. To each Christ

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Authors' Compensation.

The royalty on the Kaiser's song already amounts to \$8,000. This seem small in comparison with the \$100,000 said to have been netted on "After the Ball" by Charles K. Harris, of Milwankee. "Sweet Marie" has earned about \$24,000. The publishers of the "Little Green Peach" made \$30,000 from that song. The author did not fare so well. He never received a penny for his part of it, while the composer sold his rights outright for \$15.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, | 88.

LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is ti senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, Count and State aforesaid, and that said firm will p

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Died for Humanity's Sake. One of the most remarkable reasons ever given by a suicide for his act was that of a man who drowned himself in New South Wales. In a letter to a friend he stated that he had a fixed opinion that a man over 55 years old had no right to compete in the labor market with younger men, so he had determined to quit life.

A Cheap Trip South. Tickets will be sold at one fare round trip to points in Tennessee, Kentucky, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida, on the line of the Louisville & Nashville, and Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railroads, on January 8, February 5, March 5, April 2 and 30, 1895. Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he

Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he cannot sell you excursion tickets write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent. Louisville, Ky., or Geo. L. Cross, N. W. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

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which, as branches, the courage of his soldiers doth spring.—Sidney. Rheumatic Pains

Return when the colder weather comes. They are caused by lactic acid in the blood,

which frequently settles in the joints. This poisonous taint must be removed. Hood's

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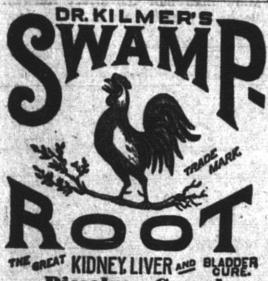
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### DEMAND. HIS HEAD.

NEW YORK BANKERS WANT CAR-LISLE'S RESIGNATION.

J. Pierpont Morgan and Other Wall Street Magnates Urge the President to Get a New Secretary of the Treas ury-The Currency Bill.

The President Is Angry. Washington special: Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, the famous New York banker, and some of the other gentlemen who were taken into the President's confidence last fall concerning an issue of bonds have been making a secret visit to the White House on an important errand. They asked the removal of John G. Carlisle for the reason that he has demonstrated his unfitness to manage the finances of the country and that his continuance in office will imperil the public credit and retard improvement in the financial condition of the country. Mr. Morgan and his assoclates also endeavored to ascertain where the President stands with regard to the currency bill now under consideration by the House of Representatives.

President Cleveland is said by those

who associate with him to be very angry at this demand of the New-Yorkers for Carlisle's head. He is exceedingly indignant that a coterie of bankers should have the effrontery to poke their noses into the administrative affairs of the government, demanding the dismissal of an official whom the President has honored with his confidence. It is pretty certain that they got no satisfaction. It may be confidently stated that the President declined to ask for Mr. Carlisle's resignation, but he is believed to have promised to look after the finances himself during the remainder of his administration. It is known and admitted that the President informed Mr. Carlisle of



SECRETARY JOHN G. CARLISLE.

Mr. Morgan's errand and repeated much of their conversation to him, but Mr. Carlisle's private secretary said that his resignation would not be asked for and that he would not voluntarily tender it.

What explanation the President may have given Mr. Morgan as to his attitude concerning the currency bill is unknown, and he is no more communicative than a sphinx on the subject to the members of his cabinet. One of them, who is opposed to the bill, said to-day that the measure had never been discussed in cabinet meeting, and all he had to go upon was the concluding paragraph of the recent message, which, in general terms, indorsed the recommendations of the Secretary of the Treasury, and urged the necessity of some kind of revenue reform. He had not heard the President say a word on the subject since, and could not say whether he approved the pending bill, but it was at least inconsistent with his previous ideas and public utterances on the subject of sound money. Nor was the pending bill an exact formulation of the suggestions in the treasury report, so that it could not be assumed the President was committed to it. He doubted the report that Mr. Cleveland intends to send a special message to Congress on the subject. He had not heard of any such intention and was inclined to believe the contrary.

### PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

The Amount of Cash Owed by Uncle Sam Increased in December.

The monthly statement of the public debt issued from the Treasury Department shows that Dec. 31, 1894, the public debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to \$910,903,695, an increase for the month of \$31,320,775. Following is a recapitulation of the debt: Interest bearing debt, \$675,168,130, increase during the month, \$40,025,100; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,825,800, decrease during the month, \$1,130; debt bearing no interest, \$383,247,345, increase during the month, \$126,780; total debt, \$1,654,375,379, of which \$590,134,104 are certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury. Cash in the treasury is classified as follows: Gold, \$139,006,354; silver, \$504,-035,456; paper, \$122,914,759; general account, disbursing officers' balances, etc., \$16,197,719; total, \$782,754,289; against which there are demand liabilities amounting to \$629,416,709, leaving a cash balance of \$153,337,579, of which \$86,-

244,445 is gold reserve.

The monthly statement of the receipts and expenditures of the United States shows receipts during December amounting to \$21,866,136; disbursements, \$27,-135,460, leaving a deficit for the month of \$5,269,324 and for the six months of the present fiscal year \$27,564,465 The reots from customs were \$11,203,049. against \$10,260,692 for the month of November; from internal revenue, \$9,394,-039, against \$7,774,704 for November. The receipts from customs during the last six months were \$69,664,330, or only about \$161,000 less than for the first half of last year. The receipts from internal revenue during the last six months were \$82,160,782, or \$8,201,276 in excess of the first calf of the last fiscal year.

THE U. S. Government Chemists have reported, after an examination of the different brands, that the ROYAL Bak-

ing Powder is absolutely pure, greatest in strength, and superior to all others.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER COMPANY, 106 WALL ST. NEW-YORK.

Reducing the Cost of Cannon. A substitute for the rifling of cannon, by Mr. Unge, a Swedish engineer, who also expects to put an end to the deterioration of the bore, due to the combustion of gases which the new powders develop. He fits the projectile with gas checks, which prevents the passage of any gases, and gives to it the axial rotary movement which is now obtained by rifling the barrel by a mechanical device which gives the twist to the gun itself at the moment of firing. The motion conveyed may be kept constant or increased. He claims that the effect is the same as that obtained by the twist of the rifle; that the accuracy of fire obtained by his system is equal or superior; that by it heavy guns can be produced at half the present cost and will last twice as long as they do now.

Fully Armed and Fearless. The train was full of flerce robbers. Strong men sat in the seats of the cars and held their hands as high as possible. Women trembled and wept, with the exception of the spectacled young

woman from Wayside Station. A robber approached her. "Don't you dare to touch me," she shouted, "or I'll scream as loud as I can!"-Cincinnati Tribune.

Hope Crushed to Earth Will rise again in the bosom of a dyspeptic wise enough to substitute for the pseudo tonics, which have bamboozled him out of his belief in the possibility of cure, the real invigorant and stomachic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The billous, the nervous, the dyspeptic, the rheumatic alike derive speedy benefit from this helpful botanic medicine Persons suffering from indigestion will gain no positive permanent good from the flery. unmedicated stimulants of commerce, too often used reck'ssly. The Bitters is immeasurably to be preferred to these as a tonic, since its pure basis is modified by the conjunction with it of vegetable ingredients of the highest remedial excellence. Malaria is prevented and remedied by it, and it infuses vigor into the weak and sickly. A wineglassful three times a day is the average dose.

Jamaica's People.

The mountains of Jamaica are inhabited by pure-blooded negroes descended from the first slaves who were imported from Africa. Their manner of living is almost as primitive as that of the wild tribes of Africa.

SEND your full name and address to Dobbins' Soap Mfg. Co., Philadelphia, Pa., by return mail, and get, free of all cost, a coupon worth several dollars, if used by you to its full advantage. Don't delay. This is worthy attention.

Fierce Little Fighters.

The most formidable check to the increase in tropical regions of serpents and venomous insects is the abundance of the ants, which, attacking in thousands, will kill and devour animals often of considerable size.

KEEP UP THAT RASPING COUGH at the peril of breaking down your Lungs and Throat, rather let the afflicted immediately resort to Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant, which cures all Coughs and Colds, and ameliorates all Lung Complaints and Throat-ails.

The first pins brought to England were made in Spain. They weighed about a quarter of a pound and cost a little over \$1.

I HAVE found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. R. Lorz, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1394.

Painting in both oil and water colors was known in Egypt 1900 B. C.

Cling to Nature's Restoratives. Women cannot be too cautious in the which is the chief cause for the great cost of modern guns, has been devised chemical analyses of hair dyes and cosmetics show an appalling lack of conscience in their ingredients. Out of many samples examined at official lab-oratories not one was free from lead. Of thirteen samples of face lotions ten were found to contain corrosive sublimate. Harmless lotions were merely soap, borax, citic acid, calomel, alcohol and water. It is wisdow on the part of any woman to ignore all so-called "skin rejuvenators" and cling to nature's free gifts of water, sun, and fresh air, with perhaps a slight massage every night.

Beautiful faces are always features of Hood's Sarsaparilla Calendars, and they were never more charming than they are this season. Hood's Sarsaparilla Calendar for 1895 is heart shaped and is ornamented with representations of "Summer" and "Winter." A sweet little face which peeps out from a dainty cap, with the snow flakes falling all about, represents the season of ice and snow, while the sunshine of summer lights up another face at the left. The design was made by one of the most gifted water color artists in the country, and the work of the lithographer is seemingly perfect. Hood's Calendar, as usual, presents all the desired information about the lunar changes and other astronomical events. Ask your druggist for a copy, and if his supply is exhausted send six cents in stamps for one calendar, or 10 cents for two, to C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

An Armless Artist.

Paintings and designs by Bartram Hiles, an armless artist, are now on exhibition in London. Mr. Hiles lost his arms, close to the shoulder, when a child, by being run over by a horse car and is obliged to paint holding the brush between his lips. He won, nevertheless, in open competition the national scholarship of \$500 a year at South Kensington, and at the same time obtained a first prize for modeling in clay. He paints landscapes.

PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES HIGHEST AWARDS Industrial and Food **EXPOSITIONS** In Europe and America.

Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely ure and soluble, and costs less than one cont. SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.



The "LINENE REVERSIBLE" are the Best and Most Economical Collars and Cuffs worn; they are made of fine cloth, both sides finished alike, and, being rever fible, one collar is equal to two of any other kind. They fit well wear well and look well. A box of Ton Collars or Five Pairs of Cuffs for Twenty-hve Cents.

A Sample Collar and Pair of Cuffs by mail for Six Cents. Name style and size. Address

REVERSIBLE COLLAR COMPANY, 37 FRANKLIN ST., NEW YORK. 27 KILBY ST., BOSTON



FOR ALL THE ILLS THAT PAIN GAN BRING

..... As CURE IS KING: Alike with ACHES in Everything

### Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, is a constructive food that nourishes, enriches the blood, creates solid flesh, stops wasting and gives strength. It is

### Wasting Diseases

like Consumption, Scrofula, Ansamia, Marasmus; or for Coughs and Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Loss of Flesh and General Debility. Scott's Emulsion has no equal as Nourishment for Babies and Growing Children.

Buy only the genuine put up in salmon-colored wrapper.

Send for pamplet on Scott's Emulsion. FREE. Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All Drugglets. 50 cents and \$1.





### KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy Syrup of Figs.

laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleaning the system, dispelling colds, headsches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidprofession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co only whose name is printed on every

Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.



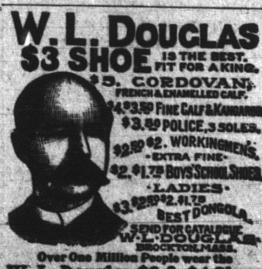
I had the same experience, Every now and then, And always at a time Most inopportune,
One of those little pimple-like blotch
Would appear on my face
And annoy me
Beyond expression.

I haven't had one for six months now, have a talisman That protects me.
I get it at the drug store.

You have seen the advortisement-I am pretty sure.

### Ripans • Tabules

Is the name—three dosen in a box fiwallow one after dinner. Or just before bed time. About once a week and You will be approved to more. ou will be annoyed no more fut more beautiful! If you Would believe that possible,



W. L. Douglas \$3 & \$4 Shoes All our shoes are equally satisfactory
they give the best value for the money.
They equal custom shoes in style and fit.
Their wearing qualities are uncurpassed.
The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole.
From \$1 to \$3 saved over other makes.
If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

Thursday for all points on the Pac For particulars address OH & Ch. 195 South Clark St., Chic

C. N. U.

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISE in this paper.

# On ST is the Best

That is a good proverb for any one to follow, and it is big enough for us to do busines on at the Bank Drug Store. We believe in making

### A Direct Application of

in every "ad" we write and in the sale of thing that leaves our counters. Clean Goods.

Full Weights.

Prompt Attention.

### C-O-F-F-E-E

Don't drink poor coffee. It is bad for the disposition. We have a brand, a 19c, that makes a first class cup. Give us an opportunity and we will save you money.

24 pounds of granulated sugar for \$1.00. 28 lbs brown sugar for \$1.00. 3 cans best tomatoes for 25c. A good tea dust 8c per lb.

Fine baked beans 10c per can. Choice figs 8c per lb. 44 lbs best rice for 25c. 7 cakes good laundry soap 25c. Lampwick 1c per yd.

Best molasses in Chelsea 45c per gal. 2 packages any kind of yeast for fe. 9 sticks chickory for 10c. 8 lbs Cormack's rolled oats for 25c.

Lamp chimneys No 1, 3c, No. 2 5c. Best codfish in strips 8c per lb. Our 19c coffee is making customers,

Fresh lemons 18c per doz.

Lantern globes 5c each. Electric kerosene 7c per gal. Best 4-crown raisins 8c per lb. Choicest honey in comb 15c per lb. Quart cans of strained honey 38c.

A good broom for 15c. Boston baking powder 20c per 1b. Fresh Florida oranges 18c per doz.

Good axle grease 5c per Good sugar syrup 18c 5 lbs best crackers for 2 Good plug tobacco 25c per lb. Choice cream cheese 12 c pe

A Few Points About Are Lights.

Chelses, Mich., December 31, 1894 the President and Trustees of 'the

In compliance with your request for a proposition for lighting the streets with Arc Lights, we herewith submit the fol-

We agree to furnish you with twenty or more 2,000 candle power Arc Lights, to be hung in the middle of the street from 45 ft. poles, at the rate of \$7.00 per light, per month.

We will furnish you with twenty-eight or more 1,200 caudle power Arc Lights to be hung in the middle of the streets from 25 ft. poles, at the rate of \$5.00 per light per month.

Should any Incandescent Lights be required, we will furnish 16 candle power Lights at 75 cents per month; 32 candle power Lights at \$1.50 per month and 100 candle power Lights at \$4.50 per month.

We agree to furnish and keep all Lamps in repair and proper running or-

Lamps in repair and proper running or-der, there to be no charge whatever, other than above mentioned.

In reply to your statement that some In reply to your statement that some other towns are paying only \$5.00 per month for 2,000 candle power Arc Lights, we wish to say that we have thoroughly investigated a number of cases of this kind and find that in the majority of cases their 2,000 candle power have proven to be only 1,200 candle power. In some other cases they were running their 2,000 candle power Dynamo at an superage which would bring the real light produced down to about 1,200 candle power.

dle power.

We visited a city in Michigan, where two Electric Light Plants were in operatwo Electric Light Plants were in operation, one running by water power, and
people claimed to be getting 2,000 candle
power Arc Lights at \$4.50 per month.
Upon investigation however, we found
that one plant was running 55 lights on a
80 light dynamo, and the other plant was
running at about 7½ amperes, or equivalent to about 1,500 candle power. We
cannot do business in this way.

It is a fact beyond dispute that fully
two thirds of the electric light plants in
Michigan, disiming to run 2,000 candle
power lights, are in reality only running

over lights, are in reality only running 1,200 candle power lights. This is easily proven as it is impossible to produce a 2,000 candle power light with a 1,200 can-

die power dynamo.

Under no circumstances would we think of doing business in this way. If we enter into a contract to furnish either 2,000 candle power or 1,200 candle power lishts, they will be just what the contract for and nothing else.

Consequently we do not care to entertain any proposition for lighting at a figure below which we know lights can be mostly furnished.

you wish 2,000 candle power lights, at from 7½ to 8 amperes, as they are ag run in many towns, (which means to 1,600 candle power) we will glad—Savings certificates of deto the candle power, but in this candle power must be decided and plainly stated in the contract. mection with this matter we wish there are more places in Michigan g \$8.00 per month for 2,000 candle r lights than are paying less.

ich as stories are in circulation the people that we have demand-3,000 to \$5,000 per year which places us in a false light, we would respectfully request that our proposition for lighting the streets be submitted to a vote of the people of Chelsea, at the earliest possible CHELSEA ELECTRIC LIGHT CO.

In connection with the above we wish to state a few facts, which although tho-roughly understood by members of the village board, may not be understood by

the public in general. To light the streets of our town with Arc Lights would require new wiring of the entire town, and new forty-five foot poles, providing 2,000 candle power Arc Lights are used. The wire now used for Incandescent Lighting could not be utilized in any way for Arc Lighting, as a much heavier wire is required. Therefore to light our town properly with Arc Lights would require entirely new construction. This is why we ask a contract for twenty 2,000 candle power Arc Lights, as we cannot afford to undertake

the work, and do it honestly for less. A contract for twenty 2,000 candle power Arc Lights at \$7.00 per month, would mean \$1,680 per year, instead of from \$3,000 to \$5,000 as has been reported by some of Chelsea's "special economists," whose principal business is to hate themselves and all the rest of the world, and oppose everything in the line. of public improvements.

Money in mortgages is all right enough, but a little regard for the welfare and prosperity of our town and its citizens, is far better.

We do not care to pose as martyrs in the cause of the laboring man, but it is a fact beyond dispute, that the Glazier Stove Co., whose employes make up the majority of the stockholders of the Chelsea Electric Light Co., have paid out more money to the laboring men of this community, each year, for the past four years, than all Chelsea's "special economists" combined, have paid out in their entire life times.

This Space Belongs to The Chelsea Electrie Light Co.

They have engaged it for the purpose of giving some of the people, who have been so busily engaged of late in circulating stories, intended to prejudice public sentiment against electric lighting, a chance to present their views to the public in print lie in print.

From this date, half of this column will be at the disposal of "special economists," without charge. The only condition being that their full name be signed to any communication.

We have no doubt that some will avail themselves of this splendid chance to-get "something for nothing." This is a to come out openly like men and stop all underhanded, behind-the-back, subter-

\$10.00 | Size of Camera 5)4 x 514 2 6)4 in Folding KODET

Junior. .

Rochester, N. Y

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

At Chelsea, Michigan

At the close of Business, Dec. 19, 1894. RESOURCES

Loans and discounts .... \$108,974. Banking house ..... 4,200.00 Furniture and fixtures... 3,845.10 15,379.36 Other real estate..... Current expenses and taxes paid ..... 1,553.17 182.09 Interest paid ...... Due from banks in reserve cities.... 13,509,44 Exchanges for clearing house..... 1,705.70 7,485.90 Checks and cash items. ... Nickels and cents..... 182.50 Gold coin ..... 1,455.00

Silver coin .....

U. S. and National Bank

Notes .....

Total..... \$218,786.84 LIABILITIES

1,306.50

4,559.00

Capital stock paid in ... \$ 60,000.00 Surplus fund Gross Undivided earnings 3,192.71 (entered)

ject to check ..... 54.545.88 18,136.13

49,049.55 \$218,786.84

THOS. S. SEARS Correct-Attest: W. J. KNAPP. F. P. GLAZIER.

Directors. Subscribed and sworn to before me his 22d day of Dec., 1894. THEO. E. WOOD, Notary Public.

Big Excitement in Town.

Over the remarkable cures of the grandest specific of the age, Bacon's Celery King, which acts as a natural laxative, stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and kidneys and is nature's great healer and health renewer. If you have kidney, liver and blood disorder do not delay but call at Bank Drug Store for a free trial package. Large sizes 50c and 75c.

Wanted.

Ladies and gentlemen suffering with thaoat and lung difficulties to call a our drug store for a bottle of Otto's Cure, which we are distributing free of charge, and we can confidently recommend it as a superior remedy for coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption and all diseases of the throat and lungs. It will stop a cough quicker than any known remedy. We will gnrantee it to cure. If your children have croup or whooping cough, it is sure to give instant relief. Don't delay but get a trial bottle free. Large sizes 50c and 25c. Sold by F. P. Gla-

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For \$1.20

We will send

Chelsea Standard

THE ILLUSTRATED HOME GUEST

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Complete Novelettes By POPULAR AUTHORS.

der the Mally Berries. The Phantom Wedding.

PLEASE REMEMBER

State of Michigan, County of Wash-tenaw, ss.

I, Geo. P. Glazier, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. P. GLAZIER, Cashier.

that we send The Chelsea Standard for one year and the book "Twenty Complete Novelettes by Popular Authors." all postpaid by mall upon receipt of only \$1.20. This offer applies both to new subscribers and renewals. Every lover of bright and fascinating literature should take advantage of it. Sample copies of The Illustrated Home Guest for one year and the book "Twenty Complete Novelettes by Popular Authors." all postpaid by mall upon receipt of only \$1.20. This offer applies both to new subscribers and fascinating literature should take advantage of it. Sample copies of The Illustrated Home Guest for one year and the book "Twenty Complete Novelettes by Popular Authors." all postpaid by mall upon receipt of only \$1.20. This offer applies both to new subscribers and fascinating literature should take advantage of it. Sample copies of The Illustrated Home Guest for one year.

THE STANDARD,



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Riemenschneider &

NORTH MICHIGAN AY CITY TIME TABLE. In effect March 25, 1894.

Trains leave Ann Arbor.

NORTH SOTUH 7:15 a. m 7;15 a. m. 4:15 p.m. 11:30 a. m. 9:00 p. m.

R. S. GREENWOOD, Agt. W. H. BENNETT, G. P. A. Toledo, Ohio.

### DOLLARS PER MONTH

IN YOUR OWN LOCALITY made easily and honorably, without capital, during your spare hours. Any man, woman, boy, or girl can do the work handly, without experience. Talking unnecessary. Nothing like it for moneymaking ever offered before. Our workers always prosper. No time wasted in learning the business. We teach you in earning the business. We teach you in a night how to succeed from the first hour. You can make a trial without ex-pense to yourself. We start you, furnish pense to yourself. We start you, furnish everything needed to carry on the business successfully, and guarantee you against failure if you but follow our simple, plain justructions. Reader, if you are in need of ready money, and want to know all about the best paying business before the public, send us your address, and we will mail you a document giving you all the particulars.

TRUE & CO., BOX 400. Augusta, Maine

as Tabules oure the blues



beauty and art, which will find ran pleasure in the magnificent oil-picture of roses, 16½ x 24 inches, reproduced from the original painting by be Longpré, the most celebrated of wing flower-painters, which will be given to every subscriber to emores, a Magazine for 1895. The set of this superb work of art was 50.00; and the reproduction unot be distinguished. st of this superb work of art was 50.00; and the reproduction and be distinguished from the iginal. Besides this, an exquisite of the magnitude of the thinker and inventor dese, who will be deeply interded in those developed monthly bemorest's Magnitude of the day, chronicling every of taker, and fad of the day, chronicling of the day, chronicling a perfect of the magnitude of the day of the day

crewned Queen of the Monthlies Send in your subscription; it sell cost only \$2.00, and you will have a dozen Magazines in one. Address W. Jennings Demorest, Publisher 15 East 14th Street, New York Though not a fashion magazine, its perfect fashion pages, and its articles on family and domestic matters, will be of superlative interest to those possessing the Feminine Type of Thumb, which indicates in its amall size, slenderness, soft nail, and smooth, rounded tip, those traits which belong essentially to the sentier sex, every one of whom should subscribe to Demorest's Magazine. If you are unacquainted with its merits, send for a specimen copy (free), and ron will admit that seeing these THUMBS has put from in the way of saving money by finding in one Magazine everything to satisfy the literary wants of he whole family.

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